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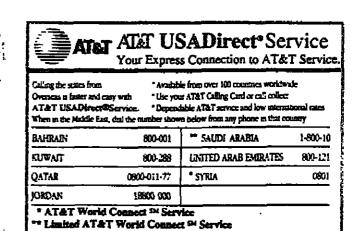
new data. The general, who was

#### Saddam sends message to emir of Qatar

DUBAI (R) — President Saddam Hussein of Iraq has sent a message to the emir of Oatar, Sheikh Hamad Ben Khalifa Al Thans, on Arab developments and bilateral ties, the Qatari news agency said on Monday. The agency gave no details of the message. This was the first announced contact between the two countries since the defection to Jordan last week by Lieutenant General Hussein Kamel Hassan, President Saddam's son-in-law, and a number of other senior aides. Qatar is the only Gulf Arab country to restore diplomatic ties with Baghdad since the 1991 Gulf war in which Iraqi forces were driven out of Kuwait. Iraqi Foreign Minister Mohammad Saced Al Sahal has visited Qutar three times this year, and Qatar's finance minister. Sheikh Mohammad Ben Khalifa Al Thani, visited Baghdad in July in what was believed to be the first visit by a Gulf Arab minister since the



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# King: This is the right time for change in Iraq

Monarch, in interview with Israeli newspaper, voices hope that change will be for the better for Iraqi people

Majesty King Hussein said in comments published on Monday it was "the right time for change" in Iraq and expressed hope that the change will be for the better for the people of Iraq.

This is the right time for change, but it's not possible to determine (when it will happen). If a change will be made, it will only be a change for the good," the King said in interview with Israel's Yediot Ahronot daily published on Monday.

King Hussein granted asylum last week to a group of Iraqis that included Lieutenant-General Hussein Kamel Hassan, mastermind of Iraq's military programmes, his brother and two of President Saddam Hussein's daughters, to whom they are married.

At a news conference at the Royal Palace on Saturday, Gen. Hussein appealed for the overthrow of the Baghdad government and hinted that he might be Iraq's future leader. King Hussein said he

granted the asylum out of humanitarian rather than political motives. He said he hoped the affair would improve the situation for Iraqis. think that pened is tantamount to a shock, and I hope that this ning of a new era, and a new life for the Iraqi people," the newspaper quoted King Hussein as saying in the interview, conducted by Semander Perry.

King Hussein said he had not been in touch with Gen. Hassan for many years, but that three or four weeks ago the Iraqi stopped over in Amman en route to Russia.

In the meeting, Gen. Hassan drew a gloomy picture of the situation in Iraq, King Hussein said. "He had enough of the way in which his country is being run, enough of the illusions that are being spread," King Hus-

sein told Yediot Ahronot. "This man was very upset by the errors that were made by the leadership in his country... especially by the oppression and violation of civil rights," the Monarch King Hussein said he told

Gen. Hassan it was time Iraq ioined those seeking peace in the Middle East and that Irag's leaders had led their people into unnecessary adventures, such as the invasion of Kuwait and the lengthy war with Iran.

"I definitely have the impression that he is showing openness and readiness for see in his outlook " King said of Gen. Hassan. King Hussein said he had not been in touch with Presi-



dent Saddam, either by telephone or other means, since the Gulf war. He confirmed, however, that since the defections, President Saddam had sent him a telegram congratulating him on his 43rd anniversary on the throne. The King said he would

on the issue soon. Following are some of the comments made by the King in the interview:

address the Jordanian people

Of the defection: "I think that it might have been a family crisis, only on an indifar as we know. But in different gatherings of the family, cabinet meetings and of the

party, he understood that what's going on does not lead to anywhere, and then I suppose he took the decision. I personally did not have contacts with him, I did not see him, I have not seen him for many years. I know that during this terrible war between Iraq and Iran, he had a role in a rank of an officer, and he managed to do wonders.

"I did see him a few weeks

ago when he was on his way back from Russia he did stop here and he got me a message. I got the impression how terrible the conditions were in Iraq, the need for alleviating the sufferings this war is in contrast to what I heard from officials who had come the day before even after the episode. I did suggest there is a need to review the situation. This was the nature of the message which I was meant to carry to the U.S. president, and that first of all they had to live up to their commitments and apply the rules set by Security Council totally and quickly. At the same time that we need... to think of how Iraq can be part of the peace process in the region. Iraq is a very very important country and obviously the concern has always been for the Iraqi

Within the conversation I spoke of that the new peace in the area; how it enabled us to recover our land, water

"We have to face challenges and we have to take the risks over what we believe in. We cannot speak of human rights here and keep closed eyes to that fact that in Iraq that there is no respect for human rights.

"Let me speak of democracy here and turn a blind eye to that fact that it is absent in Iraq and we turn a blind eye to the sufferings."

"Eventually they came here and they were looking for a solution to the problem and a chance to meet with the family and I told them that his people are their family

"About Hussein Kame! I believe he is a very bright man and he has his capabilities and abilities for the past many years in his country.

"I really do not know what the future will be related to what is happening at this stage, and we cannot be possibly responsible for other leaders, and, unfortunately, soldiers cannot always be responsible for their leaders. But as far as the man is his country.

(Continued on page 11)

Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker on Monday addresses a closed session of the Lower House of Parliament (Petra photo)

## Jordan-Iraq ties normal, Amman wants to retain them, Sharif Zeid tells Parliament

'Visits of Peay and Soames, military exercises unrelated to Iraqi defection?

By Sa'eda Kilani

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN — The Prime Minister, Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, yesterday sought to assure parliamentarians that granting asylum to Lieutenant-General Hussein Kamel Hassan does not signal any shift of policy towards Iraq and said that Jordan would not be a base from which the Iraqi opposition can wage a campaign against

the Baghdad government. Despite the assurances of the prime minister, some members of the Lower House of Parliament remained sceptical, with opposition deputies saying that many queries were left un-

answered.

House, Sharif Zeid said Jordan's policy towards Iraq had not changed. He said Jordan did not have prior knowledge of the arrival of Gen. Hassan, son-in-law of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, his brother and their wives. He also denied that their defection was related to the Arab-Israeli purely based on internal

Ruling out the possibility of any confrontation between Iraq and Jordan due to the presence of Gen. Hassan here, the prime minister assured parliamentarians that there were no problems with Iraq and that contacts were still going on between the two countries

There is no reason why

countries be sour," he said. "There is no problem between us and Iraq, and contacts are maintained through the Iraqi embassy.

Sharif Zeid said that Jordan continued to be the only outlet for Iraq, and Iraqi officials and citizens.

"There are clear instructions on borders to all travellers to pass to or via Jordan. It is a clear policy ... but who rules Iraq is not part of our responsibility." he

Sharif Zeid denied that he had obtained information about Iraqi military secrets and expressed belief that Gen. Hassan would not reveal Iraq's state secrets.

## move will ensure the begin-Ekeus to go to Iraq soon to collect data Exiles report crackdown in Baghdad

LONDON (Agencies) -U.N. weapons inspector Rolf Ekeus said on Monday he would go to Baghdad soon to follow up Iraq's promise to reveal more information on

its weapons programme.
"The Iraqi side must of course put all this new data together. It will take them some days I guess to start, but we will do some preparation here and very soon, I must say almost immediately. go to Baghdad," Mr. Ekeus told BBC World Service

"We understand that there is still new information to be made available to us, things which we expected were outstanding because our analysis had shown us that things were missing... they (have) promised to provide us with that," Mr. Ekeus, who heads the U.N. commission charged with overseeing the elimination of Iraq's mass

destruction weapons, said. The BBC quoted Mr. Ekeus as saying Iraq had offered to provide new details of its biological warfare programme and had sug-gested it might also release information on its missile and nuclear programmes.

Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz said on Sunday Baghdad would reveal vital information on its weapons programme which he accused defecting Lieutenant-General Hussein Kamel Hassan of holding back from the United Na-

Mr. Aziz, speaking to the Iraqi News Agency, said General Amer Mohammad Rashid, now running Iraq's Military Industrialisation Commission instead of Gen. Hassan, had sent letters to Mr. Ekeus and Hans Blix of the International Atomic Energy Agency, inviting If true, the arrests would them to Baghdad to collect

His comments appeared aimed at undermining the importance of the defection.

second most powerful man in Iraq and ran its war machine, defected to Jordan last week with his brother Colonel Saddam Kamel Hassan and their wives, both daughters of the

After the flight of this traitor a number of specialists in the Military Industrialisation Organisation (MIO) said Hussein Kamel ordered them to withhold part of vital information on Iraq's past programmes from the United Nations." Mr. Aziz said. This was meant to be part

of the conspiracy on the Iraqi people to provide the Untied States with pretexts... to prolong sanctions and conspire against Iraq and its leadership."

Mr. Ekeus has said the defection could be significant because of his knowledge of Iraq's military secrets. The general has already made contact with U.S. offi-

cials, reports said. The Iraqi opposition said Monday, the Baghdad government had arrested dozens of Republican Guards officers and two government ministers in a crackdown fol-

lowing the defection. Those arrested, who also included a former minister, were all said to be close to Gen. Hassan, said Hamid Al Bayati, a leader of the London-based Iraqi National Congress. The soldiers were from President Saddam's hometown of Tikrit, Mr. Bayati told the Associated

The report could not immediately be confirmed. The official Iraqi News Agency made no mention of the arrests. But opposition groups, including the Iraqi National Congress, have maintained a reliable network of contacts inside Iraq.

signal a strong government response to the defection. The threat to President Saddam's rule from the defections is unclear since he

widely thought to be the still controls the country's military and security forces. The Hassan brothers had influence through their proximity to President Saddam, not through popular support.

Mr. Bayati identified the two government officials as Mohammad Mehdi Saleh. minister of trade, and Mahmoud Dhiyab Al Ahmad, minister of housing and reconstruction. Also detained was Amr Rashid Al Saadi, who had been a power as minister of industry, Mr. Bayati said.

Among the dozens of soldiers arrested were 12 senior officers, including two major generals and five brigadier generals. They all came from the ranks of the Republican Guards, the main pillar of the

Meanwhile, an elite force set up in march - Saddam's 'fedayeen," or commandos - reportedly moved to take control of key government buildings in Baghdad and provincial capitals as well as the border crossing to Jordan at Tribil, Mr. Bayati said. Sheikh Mohammad Bakr

Hakim, bead of the Supreme Council of the Islamic Revolution in Iraq, told a Tehran press conference. public buildings in Iraq, notably the offices of the ruling Baath Party, are under surveillance and security has been reinforced around the state radio and television buildings in Baghdad.

Sheikh Hakim, whose group is based in Tehran. named the arrested Tikriti officers as: Khazal Ibrahim Hassan, Salman Ibrahim Hassan, Mohammad Omar Sabah, Yuness Ismael Hamad, Saleh Hashem Salman, Nazem Saadi, and Zaher Ahmad Jassem.

Three other officers were also held; they were identified as Abdo Monem Aziz, Najm Razi Abud and Mohammad Jassem Hussein. Sheikh Hakim said some

(Continued on page 11)

## Soames ends visit with focus on Bosnia and Iraq situation

By Ayman Al Safadi Jordan Times Staff Reporter

very important in terms of

their past, present and future

(and) of the resources avail-

AMMAN — British Minister of State for the Armed Forces Nicholas Soames left Amman for Saudi Arabia on Monday after conveying to His Majesty King Hussein a message from Prime Minister John Major over the situation in former Yugoslavia and the

recent developments in Iraq. The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the King reiter-ated to Mr. Soames Jordan's position that calls for a consolidation of efforts by the international community to end the Bosnian tragedy and the suffering of the Bosnian

Mr. Soames told a press conference before departure from Amman that he discussed with Jordanian officials the issue of the defection to Jordan of former Iraqi Minister of Industry Hussein Kamel Hassan and his wife, daughter of President Saddam Hussein. But he said he

did not contact Lieutenant-General Hassan. The defection "will greatly damage the Iraqi regime, Mr. Soames said. It is an 'extremely significant event," he said.

A British official accompanying Mr. Soames said the defection of Gen. Hassan alongwith his brother and his wife, also a daughter of President Saddam, represented a "substantial blow" to the Ira-

The defection struck at the heart (of the Iraqi regime). At least 70 per cent of (President Saddam's) family' has abandoned him, said Andrew Green, under-secretary for Middle East affairs at the British Foreign

Mr. Soames indicated Britain would come to the help of Jordan in the event of Iraq retaliating militarily against Jordan's decision to grant asylum to Gen. Hassan. 'Britain's record speaks

for itself," he said. Mr. Green said it would take at least several months before the sanctions on Iraq are lifted.

Mr. Soames, who was accompanied on the visit by Air Chief Marshal Sir William Warttan, said he came to Jordan to discuss with the King efforts to solve the Bosnian crisis and "get his views guidance on how we should proceed."

In an arrival statement Sunday, he also said the personal message also deals with the "situation in Iraq."

Mr. Soames said that a "widow of opportunity" for solving the conflict in former Yugoslavia has emerged as a result of the "Croatian advances that have altered the map" and the latest U.S. initiative to end the hostilities. The American initiative, which has the full support of Britain, has incentives for all sides, Mr. Soames said.

During a meeting with iournalists at the residence of the British ambassador early Monday, Mr. Soames sought to defend the British and Western approach towards the conflict in Bosnia as the only realistic path for ending the war that has pitted the Serbs against Bosnian Muslims and Croats.

The West has come under fire from Arab and Muslim countries for failing to take effective measures to end what many described as the genocide of the Bosnian Muslims at the hands of the

The latest Serb attacks on areas declared safe havens by the United Nations fuelled Arab and Muslim anger at the West and the United nations mission, which has been castigated for its "impotence" in checking the Serb aggression. 'We share the frustration"

over the continued war in Bosnia, said Mr. Soames. who arrived in Jordan Sunday on the first leg of a four-country tour that includes Saudi Arabia, Egypt and Morocco. But he said that there is "a bit of misunderstanding" in the Arab

(Continued on page 11)

## In his statement to the (Continued on page 11) Palestinians vow revenge for killing by settlers PLO leaders gather in Tunis to

discuss partial autonomy accord DURA AL QARA (Agen-West Bank. cies) - Palestinians vowed "At this point it looks as if

Monday to avenge the death of a West Bank man who was shot to death in a clash with Jewish settlers, and police arrested several suspects in the killing.

The arrest came after photographs published in newspapers Monday showed a settler with an M-16 automatic rifle taking direct aim as Palestinian demonstrators ransacked a settler outpost on a West Bank hilltop Sun-

Israel radio said an autopsy showed that the Palestinian

no shots were fired by Palestinians, so the obvious conclusion is that the guy was hit from bullets fired by one of the Israelis," said Israeli

poiice spokesman Eric Bar-Three Israeli suspects were

were carried out as investigations continued, police said. Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leaders meanwhile gathered in Tunisia to discuss whether to back Yasser Arafat's latest agreement with Israel on expanding

arrested and ballistic tests

The deal, reached last week in the Egyptian resort of Taba between the PLO chief and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, was approved Sunday in the Israeli cabinet by a 15-1 vote.

Mr. Arafat needs the endorsement of the PLO Exeuctive Committee, still based in Tunis, to comply with PLO statutes and also to show he has broad backing for the deal.

Hardliners charge the accord leaves too much land under Israeli control.

(Continued on page 11)

## Palestinian autonomy in the was killed by shots from an Fighting rages in Bosnia; U.S. pushes peace plan

SARAJEVO (R) - Bosnian government troops launched a ground offensive against Serb separatists on Monday while international peace envoys pressed on with initiatives aimed at ending four years of bloodshed in former ugoslavia.

Underscoring the savagery of the ethnic wars, Bosnian Serbs began a fresh round of tit-for-tat civilian expulsions in the northern town of Banja

"This is the final touch to a three-year-old barbarity that will make the name of Banja Luka go down in history as the heart of darkness," said U.N. refugee agency spokesman Kris Janowski

Bosnian Serbs were expelling Roman Catholic Croats, and Muslims were expected to be next, following the wholesale flight of 150,000 Serb refugees from Croatia

Perhaps as many as 60,000 Croats and Muslims could still be in Banja Luka and facing expulsion, compared with a pre-war non-Serb population of more than

500,000, U.N. officials said. Bosnian government troops fought separatist Serb forces around Donii Vakuf in central Bosnia and the United Nations said battle noise suggested infantry clashes were under way.

"Fighting is still going on and we assess the drop in artillery fire together with the increase in small arms and machinegun fire to mean a ground offensive is under way," said Major Greb Thompson, a U.N. spokes-

In other fighting, the area around the historic Adriatic coast city of Dusrovnik was rocked by explosions throughout the night and Serb shelling caused extensive damage, Croatian radio

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(photo by Yous

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## Turkish court to decide if Kurd report 'criminal'

ANKARA (R) — A Turkish court is set to decide this week whether to press charges over a report on the thorny Kurdish issue, but analysts say the document has already caused so much rancour that its value may be lost whatever the verdict.

The report, commissioned by the Union of Chambers and Trade Bourses (TOBB), said support for Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) rebels would weaken if the government heeded Kurds' social and economic grievances and tolerated pro-Kurdish senti-

Ankara's state security court is reviewing the report to see if its mention of possible federation with Kurds and the use of Kurdish as a second official language constitutes a

"You shall see in the next few days that we decourt prosecutor Nuh Mete Yuksel told Reuters. "I can say no

He said earlier that charges could be brought — he did not say against whom — under Article 8 of a tough anti-terror law, which bans propaganda threatening of unity of the

Western analysts said the uproar over the report had again revealed just how hard it was to initiate serious debate on the status of Turkey's Kurds. More than 17,500 people have killed in the PKK's 11-year insurgency.

'If anyone was so stupid as to decide charges could be... brought it would possibly be the silliest thing the Turkish administration has done this year," a Western di-plomat said.

"It would play incredibly badly in Europe.

Turkey, hoping the European Parliament will ratify a with Ankara in October, is being monitored closely by er democraic reform.

The Jerusalem Post

ISRAELIS have killed 100

Palestinians in the territories

since the start of the intifada

in 1987, according to the Bet-

selem human rights organisa-

The following is a partial

chronology of incidents in

which settlers shot and killed

or wounded Palestinians from April 1991 to Septem-

ber 1994, as compiled by

September 1994: Hallhoul

man killed after being shot by settlers who said they had

been stoned while driving

through the village.

April 1994: A Palestinian woman was fatally wounded

in her home north of Jeru-

salem by a stray bullet fired

by a settler shooting in the air

the Patriarchs massacre by

Kiryat Arba resident Baruch

Goldstein. Twenty-nine kil-

February 1994: Tomb of

at stonethrowers

Betselem:

**Betselem: Israelis killed 100** 

Palestinians since intifada

Europe for signs of democra-

Scrapping or amending Article 8 has been cited as a condition for the European Parliament's customs union

Prime Minister Tansu Ciller managed last month to bludgeon through parliament a package of reforms to Turkey's 1982 military-era constitution, and promises furth-

er progress.
But diplomats say a serious debate about Turkey's problems — necessary for serious reform - has yet to material-

"The usual gut instinct reaction of the Turkish ruling classes is that the issue is sacrosanct and should not be discussed," said a European diplomat. "But it is high time this discussion received a

wider airing."
The TOBB report came with the hope it would be taken seriously due to its mainstream patrons. Liberals and intellectuals pleaded in ewspaper columns for calm and constructive discussion.

But instead, the report and its author Dogu Ergil — a respected Ankara professor have been lambasted by conservative politicians, jour-nalists and security officials as biased towards the Kurds and bent on breaking up the

"Turkey's most crucial problems have not been evaluated scientifically up to now," Mr. Ergil told Reu-

The issue at hand is all the problems of instability, economy, democratisation and national unity. We opened this concept to discussion. But everyone panicked without reading the report."

Even the Ernk, the PKK's political arm, said in a statement last week that the report "reflected the logic of the state."

"If even they slam it I suggest the report is not far off the mark," one Western analyst said. "It's what (politicians) don't want to hear but what they know to be true - what does come as a surprise is that it was ever produced, especially given TOBB's closeness to Ciller."

Some people suggest that Ms. Ciller was behind the report, which she hoped would pave the way for furth-



DENIED ENTRY: An Israeli soldier orders a Palestinian family to leave the Ere crossing area after the Israeli army announced that the Gaza Strip would remain sealed off from Israel until Monday dawn. The closure was imposed on Thursday in what Israel described as a measure to prevent Palestinian militant attacks inside Israel (AFP photo)

## 'Libya herding Palestinians into border camps'

ALGIERS (AFP) — A Palestinian representative in Algiers has accused Libyan authorities of rounding up Palestinian workers in Libya under very difficult humanitarian conditions with a view to expul-

In a statement, Adhi Sadek, the Palestinian charge d'affaires in Algiers, said Libyan authorities were conducting a campaign against Palestinians working in Libya, regrouping them in border camps near Egypt "in anticipation of their expulsion."
He said he had "post-

poned for a long time the announcement of this campaign against the Palestinians in the hope that the (Libyan) officials themselves give up this hostile behaviour which has no justification," the statement said.

Libyan authorities have said that these measures were taken following the autonomy accord signed in 1993 between Israel and the Palestinian Liberation Organisation, Sadek said.

The Palestinian official dismissed as unconvincing the Libyan explanation for the "regroupment of Palestinian families in the Sahara in very difficult humanitarian conditions." The statement did not specify what these were.

Mr. Sadek said the measures were part "of a plan aiming to tighten the net around the Palestinians at a regional level" and appealed to Libya to "respect the minimum of rules of conduct between brothers in this difficult phase of the history of the Arab Nation.

Libyan television rejected Sunday accusations by Cairo that Tripoli was expelling Egyptian work-

It cited the Egyptian

ers in Egypt, human

rights groups say. The

number, saying 3,000

people are held under

Militants are usually

kept in separate wings

from other prisoners,

and distinct factions,

such as the Gamaa Isla-

miyah and Jihad, are

also kept apart to pre-

vent violence between

At the same time the

"emirs" have carved

out their own territor-

ies within the indi-

vidual cells, the former

"There are continual

disputes over religion

between the Islamist

groups, which led me

to wonder if they really

said Ali Al Demer-

dash, a former member

have to fast two months

"One group says you

**JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR** 

understood anything,

prisoners said.

of the Jihad.

them.

emergency laws.

charge d'affaires in Libya as saying that Egyptian workers were receiving "close attention from the

Libyan authorities."
The Egyptian envoy, according to Libyan tele-vision, said that Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa had spoken by telephone to Libyan Minister for Unity Jomaa Al-Fzzani in order to "clear up any misunderstand-

The Egyptian head of customs at the Sallum border post, Mohammad Al Adi, told AFP on Thursday that some 2.500 Egyptians had been thrown out of Libya in the preceding 48 hours.
Tripoli said Friday it

had taken no. measures against the Egyptians. "There are nearly 1.5

million Egyptian workers (in Libya) cooperating with their Libyan brothers in developing the country," Mr. Fazzani said

ministry was "in contact with Libyan officials in order to stop the expul-sions of Egyptian citizens." He added that Mr. Fazzani had admitted to the expulsions, saying that all the Egyptians came from one region in Libya, which he did not identify. Mr. Fazzani said their

Mr. Musa said in a

statement Friday that his

expulsion "was linked to situation in this region.' Mr. Musa said.

Between 800,000 and 900,000 Egyptians work in Libya.

Egyptian police sources at Sallum said the expulsions had been decided for security reasons following unrest last June at Bengazi, in the east of the country, which Tripoli attributed to Islamic militants "who had infiltrated the country from Egypt

#### law in Egypt's jails Extremists impose 'Islamic'

CAIRO (AFP) -Muslim extremists in Egyptian prisons set up impose their own Islamic law and rule over other prisoners with an iron hand, "repentant"

December 1993: Three Arab labourers killed near Hebron. Kach claims respon-December 1993: Arab from eastern Jerusalem rid-ing in a taxi killed as settler opens fire when taxi did not

beed calls to halt. December 1993: Palestinian tractor driver killed in the Hebron area.

March 1993: Settler shoots terrorist who had already been captured and tied up, killing bim.

January 1993: Gaza youth killed as Jewish resident shoots at group stoning him.
June 1991: Settler kills shepherd in land dispute near

Hebron. April 1991: Palestinian's body found near Eilon Moreh. He was killed by a settler who was involved in another Palestinian's death three months earlier.

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campaign against the government. Islamists make up 20,000 political prison-

ministry disputes the fundamentalists say. "Each group has an

'emir' (prince) who forces his vision of Islam and anyone who doesn't obey," Ibrahim Ahmad Mohammad, 37, told AFP after his release from al-Torah prison in south Cairo.

Mr. Mohammad was one of 116 prisoners released on Saturday in Cairo after "repenting" from extremist ideology. The Interior Ministry has released some 826 repentant fundamentalists since early

The ministry considers these former extremists, many of whom have been interviewed on state television, a strong media weapon to discredit Muslsim militants waging a three-year armed

if you kill someone by accident, while another says that doesn't keep cause your intention was to serve Islam, said Ali Ahmad Ali, formerly with the Gamaa.

More than 840 people have died in the wave of militant violence since March

Prison emirs keep up discipline among their followers by ordering them to "pray for hours and attend regular religious lessons," said Tareg Mansour, 20, who quit Jihad's military wing Talaih Al Fatch while in prison. The emirs distribute

food in their cell as they wish and impose tasks such as cleaning the cell to those who displease them or prisoners who have not

joined their group.
"When I refused to bend to them, they prevented me from sleeping on a bed," said Gamal Eddin Fuad, 37.

"In my cell, 12 people wanted to announce their penance but eight of them refused in the end, fearing

reprisals from the leaders," said Mr. Moham-

"The emirs told us that if they could, they would have killed us, and that they hoped we would be executed by their collaborators outside prison," he added.

Mr. Mansour said he knew of one prisoner whose tongue was partially cut off by fellow prisoners after repenting.

In 1994 militant groups announced a "fatwa" (religious ruling) branding those who repent as "apostates." But to date there have been no reports of murders of participants in the "repentance" programme.

Prison officials bring in government sheikhs to provide religious teaching for prisoners who express an interest in repenting. Upon their release, the

Interior Ministry gives each repentant militant 200 Egyptian pounds (\$55). In 1994, it also promised to provide them

jobs.
"The security services assured me that I'd get back my post in the elec-tric company," Mr. Mohammad said.

## Family of bomb suspect heads for New York trial

AMMAN (AP) — The parents of a suspect in the World Trade Centre bombing left Monday for New York to attend their son's

Eyad Mahmoud Ismail Nijm, 24 has pleaded innocent to charges of participa-tion in the Feb. 26, 1993 bombing of the New York skyscrapers in which six people were killed and 1,000 were injured. U.S. authorities, who call

the suspect Iyad Ismoil, say he drove the van containing 545-kilogramme bomb into the underground garage of the World Trade Centre. The trial begins Wednes-

"My son is insisting that he is innocent and we are confident in the fairness of the American judicial system," said Mr. Nijm's mother, Najla, before she boarded a New York-bound flight.

She told the Associated Press that her son had called on Thursday and "he sounded relaxed and confident that he will be acquitted.'

She said the Ministry of Foreign Affairs had helped her; her husband Mahmond, and brother, Ali Nijm, obtain a one-year visa for the United States.

Mrs. Nijm said her hus-band had to sell his "smalllathe shop to buy us the airplane tickets and get some cash to cover our expenses in the United States.

Mr. Nijm, a resident of the city of Jerash, was detained by authorities here Aug. 1 and was flown to the United States two days later.

His family and acquaintances said that he was fond of the United States and that he had no previous criminal-record - an assessment supported by Jordanian author-

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Rafsanjani appoints brother as vice-president

TEHRAN (AFP) — Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani on Monday appointed his brother to the post of presidential chief of staff, officials said. Mohammad Hashemi, who will be one of Mr. Rafsanjani's seven vice presidents, has previously served as first deputy foreign minister and the head of the state-run radio and television organisation. He replaces Hamid Mirzadeh, who was named Saturday as the new vice president in the charge of the budget and planning organisation after the resignation of Massud Roghani-Zanjani. Mr. Roghani-Zanjani stepped down over his alleged opposition to the government's departure from free-market policies.

#### Muslims in Lebanon collect funds for Bosnia

SIDON (AFP) - Muslims in the southern port of city of Sidon have collected 15 million Lebanese pounds (about \$9,000) for Bosnian Muslims as part of a campaign launched last week. Collection boxes have been placed in mosques throughout Sidon and worshippers are encouraged to deposit donations after prayers, according to Sheikh Mohammad Selim Jallaleddin, the mufti of south Lebanon. The campaign was launched on August 8 to coincide with the anniversary of the birth of Prophet Mohammad and will last till the end of the month. Sheikh Jallaeddin also renewed an offer he had made two years ago to take in 100 Bosnian Muslims children at a Sidon

#### Egypt's first female journalist dies at 81.

CAIRO (AP) - Amina Al Saced, Egypt's first women journalist and a leading femnist, has died of cancer. She was 81. Saeed, who continued writing an advice column in the weekly magazine Al Mussawar this year, died Sunday night in Cairo. She was considered Egypt's first female journalist, as a student at King Fouad I university in Cairo in 1932 and later as a professional after graduating in 1935. Saeed also was editor of Egypt's first magazine for women, Hawaa, which she founded in 1954. Throughout her 63-year career, she was a fervent proponent of women's rights and scolded the younger generation of women for not advancing the cause. "If contemporary Arab women are honest... they will recognise that they have not added anything to the efforts to those who have gone before and that they have not been part of any effort worth mentioning in advancing the feminist cause," she once wrote. Saeed contracted cancer several years ago. She is survived by two sons and a daughter. Her funeral was scheduled for Monday.

#### Sudanese celebrate capture of town

KHARTOUM (R) — Thousands of Sudanese marched through the streets of Khartoum on Monday to celebrate the reported capture by government troops of a rebel town on a key supply route near Uganda. Sudan said its army had taken Kaya at sunset on Saturday from the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA), which held the small town for over six years. The march ended at the army's general command where First Vice-President Major-General Al Zubeir Mohammad Saleh told the crowds all rebel-held land would soon be liberated. The army's capture of Kaya was the first major offensive reported since the government and southern separatist rebels agreed to a ceasefire four months ago.

#### Greenpeace to highlight Turkish pollution

ISTANBUL (R) - Greenpeace said on Monday it would send a ship to a filthy bay on Turkey's Aegean coast to highlight the pollution there. The environmental group also hoped to rally support against French and Chinese nuclear testing during the August 16-20 stopover at the western Turkish port city of Izmir, a Greenpeace statement said. The Greenpeace ship altair will stop at Izmir as part of a four-month tour through the Mediterranean, the statement said. Izmir Bay is considered by some environmentalists to be one of the most polluted in the Eastern Mediterranean

#### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO

	14:00 Captain Plane
	14:30 M.A.N.T.I.S
	15:00 Blue Heelen
	16:86 Familie:
	17:00
	Children's Programme — Dous
	. 17:30 Montagno
	17:50 Taratara
1	19:00 News in French
	19:15 Faut Pas Rever
	19:30 News Headlines
	19:35 You Be Your Life
'	29:00 Piglet Files
	29:30 The Bold and the Beautiful
.	21:15 True Blue
	22:00 News in English
	22:25 The Fire Next Time
	23:36 New York Undercover
ł	23:59 Grace Under Fire
	PRAYER TIMES

PRATER LIMES
94:39 Faji
95:54 (Sanrise) Dula 12:49 Dhula
16:19 'As
19:26 Maghret 20:50 'Isha
CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifich, Tcl. 810740 Assemblies of God Church, Tcl. 632785.
St. Joseph Church Tcl. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tcl. 637440.

Church of the Assuming To
623541.
Anglican Church Tcl. 630851, To 628543.
Armenian Catholic Church To
771331_
Armenian Orthodex Church To
St. Ephraim Church Tel. 77175
Anusan International Church To 652526.
Evangelical Latheran Church To
824328.
German-speaking Evangelics Congregation Tel. 684195
The Church of Jesus Christ
Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 654932
Church of Nazurene Tcl.675691.
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Deserts	20/ 37
Jordan Valley	
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# TELEPHONE

NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** 

AMMAN:	
Dr. Awni Al Hawamdeh	. 777665
Dr. Ramzi Mzawi	. 894780
Dr. Fayez Dabbas	759155
Dr. Abdul Wahab Awad	. 846070
Fires phermacy	
Ferdows pharmacy	. 778336
Al Asema pharmacy	
Nairoukh pharmacy	. 623672
Al Salam pharmacy	. 636730
Yacoub pharmacy	. 644945
Shincisani pharmacy	. 637660
Naircukh pharmacy	. 623672
Najib pharmacy	. 847632
• •	
IRBID:	
Dr. Fayez Al Qadi	. 248743
Alquds pharmacy	()
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Dr. Walid Halasch

## EMERGENCIES

Civil Defence Department 661111
Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate
Rescue
Rescue
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire Brigade 617101
Blood Bank
Highway Police 843402 Traffic Police 896390
Traffic Police 896390
Public Security Department 63032]
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints 661176
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
Amman Municipality
Complaints 787111
Complaints
(directory assistance) 121
Overseas Calls 010230
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs 623101
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television 773111
Radio Jordan774111
Water Authority 680100
Jordan Electricity Authority
815615
Electric Power
Company
RJ Flight Information 08-53200
Queen Alia Intl. Airport 08-53200

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University Hospital 845845
Al-Mussber Hospital 667227/9
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Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26
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Queen Alia Hospital 686100
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Amai Hospital 607155
The Arab Centre for Heart and
Crariel Curses: OFFIAN
Special Surgery 865199
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Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323
And Core Hospital (03)383323
Zarqa National Hospital
(10)000540
Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732
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Al Hikma Modern Hospital (09)990990
IRBID:
Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555
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#### 5:00 p.m. every Sunday MARKET PRICES

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United States.

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as vice-presider

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IAZ RAILWA TRAIN

ARKET PRICES



FACES FROM ACROSS THE GULF OF GENERATIONS: A bedouin woman and child in Hashemiya, South Jordan (photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

## Aqaba container has no nuclear waste, health risks — Darwazeh

By Ica Wahbeh Jordan Timeş Staff Reporter

Amman - Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Samih Darwazeh announced yesterday that a container stranded in Aquba Free Zone was not a shipment of "nuclear waste" and posed no threat to health.

container has radioactive material, just like that which is used in industry and medicine," here Carwazeh, mentioning that said. People should rest the crate's fate is now pend-assured that the radioactive "ing a first instance court's material in the container is being properly handled and it poses no hazards to the public," added the minister, stressing that the contents are not of the type of nuclear waste which some countries

are trying to get rid of. People should understand that there are different kinds of radioactive materials. Some are beneficial, used in medicine for diagnoses or radiography, others in indusry," said the minister in a bid to demonstrate that the container is not as dangerous as a report in a weekly

tabloid had portrayed it. Mr. Darwazeh, who acknowledged that the Min-

istry of Energy and Mineral Resources had no knowledge of the container at the time of its arrival in Jordan in 1993, said that it had U.N. approval, "like anything else coming out of and had entered the Kingdom with approval from the Customs Department and the Ministry of

"It is material used for oil exploration, useful and worth millions," said Mr. decision

The shipment was apparently brought in the Kingdom in 1993 by the Francocompany, Schlumberger, in transit for Dubai. While the tabloid, Shihan, alleged it was illegally introduced in the country, the minister said "it was checked and everything was

"We keep it for financial reasons, as many people are suing Schlumberger, and the Customs Department wants it to settle these cases," said the minister while at the same time pledging to "find out a way to protect the citizens who sued and helped



Samih Darwazeh

Schlumberger get it out of the country".

But if getting the container in the country was easy, taking it out seems to be more complicated, according to Mr. Darwazeh.

To re-export the shipment, the transport company needs permission from the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources, he said. As the ministry was contacted quite some time after the container had entered the country, it fore was holding back on issuing the permit.

So now the crate, whose contents are not exactly known, is housed in a cemented room in the Aqaba Free Zone.

Mr. Darwazeh, underlining that the material is not leaking radiation, insisted the cement room was just another precautionary measure, to keep the container in this non-dangerous state.

Mr. Darwazeh said the container was not in any way-linked to press reports that surfaced at the end of last month which contended that the south of the country was exposed to increased radiation, most probably from the Israeli nuclear plant at Dimona.

The reports were denied at the time by the ministers of health and energy who said allegations that residents of the area may suffer from diseases resulting from radiation were baseless.

There have not increased levels of radiation registered in the south, as there are no higher incidences of cancer in the area than in the entire country," said Mr. Darwazeh.

## Fourth military plane load of food, medical supplies sent to Bosnia

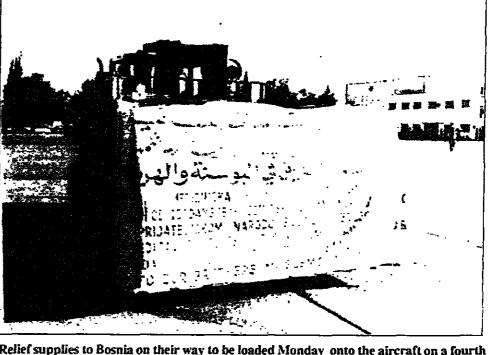
AMMAN (J.T.) — The fourth plane load of food supplies, medicines, and medical equipment, blankets and other essential items for the benefit of war victims, organised by the Hashemite Charity Organisation, (HCO) took off to Bosnia

Monday. HCO Secretary General Abdul Salam Abbadi said in a statement that the military transport aircraft carried 15 tonnes of relief supplies, raising to 78 tonnes the total amount of supplies sent by Jordan to the Bosnian people

The shipments, which are being sent upon directives from His Majesty King Hussein and His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, were collected from Jordanian institutions and the Ministry of Health in accordance with the HCO plans of providing badly needed assistance to the people of Bosnia.

Earlier this month, a total of JD 4.5 million were collected or pledged in assistance to the Bosnian people through a campaign spear-headed by Jordan Televi-

Dr. Abbadi said the HCO's various committees are still receiving donations from



Relief supplies to Bosnia on their way to be loaded Monday onto the aircraft on a fourth humanitarian aid relief to Bosnian victims of war (Petra photo)

various individuals and organisations in Jordan.

He said that the HCO is in contact with Bosnian authorities over the prospect of setting up a Jordanian relief centre in the stricken areas of Bosnia. This would include a field hospital and a child and mother care cen-

Dr. Abbadi, who is also Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs, said that the centre will be financed from the donations collected through the Aug. 4 television campaign.

He also said that the HCO was trying to get the Bosn-

an government's approval for flying wounded Bosnians to Jordan for treatment at its hospitals.

Travelling on board the plane was an HCO team of officials as well as several Bosnian families, returning to Bosnia after living in Jordan for the past two years.

## Government stops granting licences for new universities, except under conditions, says minister

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Higher Education Rateb Saoud said Sunday that with six state-owned and IO privately-owned universities the government does not intend to grant any more licences-to establish such institutions of higher education except on certain

conditions. The ministry has received seven requests to establish new private universities. Dr. Saoud said, but licences will be granted only to those which intend to establish the institutions in governorates where no university exists and provided that the programmes of

other than those offered at the existing 16 universities. The government has been trying to promote programmes of higher and

vocational education which

study of the proposed uni-

versity offer specialisations

would fulfil the needs of the current job market in the country and has been encouraging institutions to steer away from traditional

curricula which pose an

additional glut on the already saturated local mar-

The minister said that he expected that by the year 2000 some of the existing

#### Minister denies report of administrative changes

Dr. Saoud denied a report published Monday in Al Dustour daily that presidents of all Jordanian state universities are to submit their resignations to make way for the appointment of new presidents.

The minister said in a statement quoted by the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the resignations report was totally groundless and that the Council of Higher Education (CHE), which normally takes these decisions, was also surprised at

The minister said the council had no intention of making any changes in the administration of state universities at the present time and that several presidents have served only half the four-year tenure required of them.

Al Dustour reported the presidents were scheduled Monday to hand in their resignations to the minister in his capacity as CHE chairman, and that the council would hold a meeting immediately after the submission of resignations to discuss the matter.

private universities will close, and only the best and those capable of catering to the country's needs will continue to operate.

Referring to the number of students now enrolled in institutions of higher education, the minister said that they are estimated at 120,000 up from 100 students in 1962 when the Univerity of Jordan was estab-

He said 60.000 students are currently enrolled in Jordan's state universities. 20,000 others in universities, enrolled at community colleges and the rest are studying abroad.

Of the 30,000 graduates school tawjihi certificates no more thant one-third of them will be accepted as undergraduates in state universities this coming academic year.

## WHAT'S GOING ON

FILM

' Iranian film "Bike Rider" at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation, Jabal Amman at 7:30

**PLAY** 

"The Maids" (written by Jean Genet) starring Majid Al Qasas and Najwa Kondakji at the Royal Cultural Centre, Main Theatre at 8:30 p.m.

**LECTURE** 

Lecture (in Arabic) entitled The Political Future of Jerusalem \_ Readings in the Alternatives" by Mr. Walid Salim at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation at 6:30 p.m.

**NEWS** 

\*McNeil-Lehrer News Hour at the American Center at 5:00 p.m. **EXHIBITIONS** 

\* Oil paintings by Yassin Al Mohammadawi at Baladna Art Gallery.

\* Abstract art by Fadwa Al Nabulsi at the Royal Cultural Centre.

\* Paintings by "Pioneers of the Fifties" Isma'il and Suzanne Al Sheikhly, Khalid Qassab, and Dr. Nuri Behjet at Orfali Art Gallery, Umm Utheina.

\* "Exhibiton of Chinese Products '95," at Al Bassam Hall, King Abdullah Gardens.

\* Exhibition demonstrating the developments of cinema over the past century at the French Cultural Centre.

## Minister stresses need to improve services to tourists at entry points

AMMAN (Petra) — With the tourism boom in Jordan in full swing, it has become necessary for the country to compete at the level of services offered to tourists especially at entry points into the country, Minister of Tourism Abdul IIah Khatib said Monday.

Addressing a seminar on services and facilities for tourists held at the Alia Gateway Hotel, near the Oueen Alia International Airport (QAIA), the minis-ter said that the tourism industry should integrate its services and raise them to internationally accepted levels, especially at the points of entry and exit in the coun-

try. The minister said the development of efficient facilities and the training of personnel were required to improve the growth of this 'vital industry'

Jordan now finds itself compelled to adopt and apply new approaches and proven methods in dealing withh the positive changes and the requirements of this new peace era, the minister

Minister of Transport Samir Kawar told the opening session of the seminar that his ministry was undertaking programmes for improving services at the airport and border posts and was employing qualified and well trained personnel.

Minister of Administrative Development Muhieddin Too told the meeting that several working papers reviewed by the participants dealt with ways to reduce formalities and bureaucratic procedures for visitors entering and exiting the country. According to Mr. Abdul

Hamid Kabariti, director of QAIA, last year's airport taxes and fees brought in revenue totalling JD 9 mil-

He said that the airport has a capacity for handling 3 million passengers a year and could be expanded to absorb six million. In 1994 airport



Minister of Tourism Abdul Illah Khatib(far right) with Ministers of Transport Samir Kawar, Minister of Interior Salameh Hammad and Administrative Development Minisi ter Muhieddin Toq at the Gateway Hotel seminar on tourism and services Monday (Petra photo

1,667,922 travellers, he added. Mr. Kabariti said that there

were indications that the number of travellers this year would be much higher, with 22 airlines currently

utilising QAIA services.

The seminar, organised by the Ministry of Tourism, was attended by representatives from the ministries of transport, interior, administrative

development, finance and customs as well as the Civil Aviation Authority, Royal Jordanian, the Japanese International Cooperation Agency and the Tourist Agents' Association.

Amman (Petra) — The Third Azraq Festival for Folklore will be held at Azraq castle on Aug.27, according to Shakib Shomari, director of the festival. Mr Shomari said that three local folk troupes, in addition to folklore troupes from Palestine, Iraq, Syrian and Lebanon will take part in the festival. The

3rd Azraq Festival opens

festival will include, in addition

to folkloric performances, several poetry readings and costume and handicraft exhibi-

AIDS symposium starts Animan (Petra) - A three-day symposium on acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) started here Monday. The workshop, organised by the United Nations Relief and

Works Agency (UNRWA) health departments, aims to promote health awareness on AIDS, the nature of the virus, ways of transmission and means of AIDS prevention.

Gharaibeh tenure extended Amman(J.T.) — The Higher Education Council Monday recommended to the cabinet the extension of tenure of Universi-

Gharaibeh for another four year term, as of Aug. 17. -The council's recommendation, which was endorsed unanimously, was made during a meeting chaired by Minister of Higher Education Rateb Saoud and attended by Prince Ghazi Ben Mohammad, cultural sec-

retary of His Majesty King

ty of Jordan President Fawzi

## South Korean ship returns from N. Korean detention

2 Southern students attend rally in North

SEOUL (R) — A South Korean rice-aid ship returned home on Monday after being detained for a week in North Korea on spy charges, port officials said.

A Korea Maritime and Port Authority (KMPA) official said the 9,400/tonne Samsun Venus and its 21-men crew arrived at the southeastern port city of Pohang at 2:30 p.m. (0530 GMT).

"All crew are known to be in good health," he said. But in a development expected to raise tension on the eve of the 50th anniversary of Korea's liberation from Japanese rule, two Southern students: defied the govern-ment to visit the North for a

to mark the event. Seoul has banned attendence at the rally in the Korean border village of Pan-

rally arranged by Pyongyang

munjom. The North had held the cargo ship and its crew, which docked in the port of Chongin to unload 5,000 tonnes of free Southern rice, accusing a crew member of tasking photographs illegally of the port and spying on the North. Pyongyang released the ship on Sunday after three days of talks in Beijing during

which Seoul expressed regret over the incident, assured the North it would not happen again and promised to resume rice shipments.

By releasing the ship and its crew, North Korea has

nationwide radical student group in the South said two women university students rescued a food aid deal with Chong Min-Joo, 22, an architecture student and Lee Seoul, but diplomats and political analysts said on Monday the episode had Hye-Jong, 20, an accounting student — had arrived in strained further ties between Pyongyang via Beijing.

A spokesman for the the cold war rivals. group, Hanchongryon, told

The incident further deepened mistrust between the North and I doubt their relations will change for the better in the near future," a Western diplomat said. Under an accord signed in

Beijing in June, South Korea is supplying 150,000 tonnes of free rice to the North to ease what Seoul says is a chronic food shortage and to improve ties. Half has already been shipped to the North.

A unification ministry spokesman said officials from the two Koreas on Monday made contact in Beijing but failed to set up a third round of talks on rice aid.

would not return to Seoul "But both sides agreed to until October as they would negotiate further on this mattravel around the North.

A Seoul government official said they would be charged upon their return home with violating the ' the spokesman said. A third round of talks on rice aid and other issues between the two Koreas had South's draconian national

security law. He said Hanchongryon leaders who had organised the trip to Pyongyang would also be charged.

been scheduled for last

Thursday but was cancelled

because of the row over the

Earlier on Monday, a

reporters the two women,

both members, would attend

a rally in Panmunjom on

Tuesday making the 50th

anniversary of Korea's libera-

tion from Japanese occupa-

The South has banned the

rally, saying any joint activi-ties between North and South

Korea should be arranged by

government officials, an idea

spurned by the Stalinist

The spokesman said many

Hanchongryon students

would tryly to attend the rally. He said Chong and Lee

seized ship.

N. Korea blasts peace plan

In another development Monday North Korea criticised a reported South Korean plan to offer it a peace treaty, saying the 1950-1953 Korean War armistice must be replaced by an agreement between North Korea and the United States.

"South Korean authorities... will reportedly bring forward an 'idea of peace mechanism' around Aug. 15," a North Korean foreign ministry spokesman said in a dispatch carried on the staterun Korean Central News Agency (KCNA), seen in

Tokyo.
"This deserves no consideration because it is not helpful at all toward preservation of genuine peace on the Koan Peninsula. It is a trick to hinder the establishment of DPRK (North Korea)proposed new peace mechan-

South Korean media has reported Seoul's President Kim Young-Sam might formally propose signing a peace treaty with North Korea on



A South Korean man prepares to launch an egg at the Japanese embassy in Seoul Monday, the eve of the 50th anniersary of Korea's liberation from Japan (Reuters

## S. Koreans protest

## outside Japanese embassy

SEOUL (R) — Hundreds of elderly South Koreans hurled eggs at Tokyo's embassy in Seoul Monday in an emotional protest on the eve of the 50th anniversary of Korea's liberation from Japanese occupation.

About 300 people, most of them from Southern Cholla province, demanded Japan's "sincere" apology and com-pensation for atrocities com-mitted during World War II.

The protesters, including bereaved relatives of war victims and women forced to serve as sex slaves for imperial troops, accused former and incumbent Japanese government officials of trying to justify Japan's rule from 1910-45.

The protesters also gave a statement carrying their de-mands to an embassy official.

They earlier took part in an anti-Japanese rally at a park ntre of then marched to the embas-

At a separate rally at the same park, a group of South Korean religious leaders issued a demand that both the South Korean and Japanese governments take steps to aid those still suffering from Japan's atrocities.

## War anniversary focus on possible Japanese apology

TOKYO (R) — Japan marks the 50th annivesrary of its defeat in World War II on Tuesday with the focus on whether Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama will offer his country's first clear-cut apology for its wartime

Mr. Murayama appeared over the weekend to make an unprecedented apology about the sufferings of British prisoners-of-war. But a leaked draft of a statement of remorse he will read on Tuesday suggests his words may fall short of the unequivocal, general apology sought by Asian victims of Japan's wartime brutality.

Emperor Akihito and Mr. Murayama will attend a government-sponsored service on Tuesday at the Budo-kan, or martial, arts hall, just outside Tokyo's imperial palace, to pay their respects to pay their respects to Japan's war dead and offer pledges of peace.

The event is normally a quiet ceremony with muted comments about Japan's war role, but this year Mr. Murayama could break with tradition and offer a more direct statement of remorse over Japan's brutal wartime

Mr. Murayama said in Nagasaki last Wednesday after an event marking the anniversary of the atomic

bombing there that the Aug. 15 statement would look back on Japan's wartime past and "renew our pledge never to engage in war again and make our utmost efforts to build peace."

A draft of Tuesday's statement apparently leaked to the Nihon Keizai Shimbun newspaper over the weekend "For a period in the past,

our country adopted wrong policies and through aggression and colonial rule, caused severe pain and damage to many nations, especially in

"I offer my deepest condolences to the victims of this history, both at home and abroad. "At the same time, we

pledge to do away with this kind of self-righteous nationalism. The path of our country is to work for protecting the principles of peace and democracy and to respect international cooperation." Government officials had

no comment on the report. In July, Mr. Murayama tary resolution to atone for Japan's war role, but the wording was "deep reflection," not "apology," inviting criticism from most Asian governments and commenta-

tors as being inadequate. It was not until 1993 that a Japanese prime minister, Morihiro Hosokawa, clearly

described the war as "aggressive" and "wrong. But last week, Mr. Murayama hinted he might

have a more substantial message in the works.

Meeting former German President Richard von Weizsaecker in Tokyo, he complimented him on a 1985 speech in which he said "anyone who closes his eyes to the

past is blind to the present." Mr. Murayama bimself caused a flap over the weekend with a letter he sent to British Prime Minister John Major.

In the letter, Mr. Murayama expressed "apolo-gy and deep reflection" for Japan's maltreatment of British prisoners-of-war, but the letter sparked a furore when officials said it was not meant as an apology.

Mr. Murayama must also reverse the tide of criticism his government has come under after remarks on the war by his education minister drew protests from China and both Koreas.

Aug. 8, Education Minister Yoshinobu Shimamura told reporters it was a matter of opinion whether Japan's war and colonisation in Asia and the Pacific were aggressive.

Mr. Shimamura later. apologised for what he called the misunderstanding over his remarks.

#### "Man can travel faster than speed of light'

LONDON (AFP) - A British astronoman has burned scientific orthodoxy on its head by suggesting space travellers could one day move faster than the speed of light. Dr. Ian Crawford, in the September issue of the Royal Astronomical Society's journal, challenges accepted thinking that faster-than-light thinking that laster-than-night travel is a physical impossibil-ity — and strictly for the comic books. Conventional scientific thinking on the mat-ters rests on Albert Einstein's proof that the mass of an object increases with its speed. But Crawford, of the University of London, takes a different line in his article, Some thoughts on the Implications of Faster-Than-Light interstellar Space: Travel. He has boldly gone on record to say: "There are reasons for believing that FTL (faster-than-light) interstellar space travel may be consistent with the laws of physics. "For many space exploration and colonisation projects that we might wish to undertake in the future, it would be a great help if space vehicles could travel faster than the speed of light. We simply do not know whether FTL travel is possible."

#### Japan lags in sex education

YOKOHAMA (R) - Sex

education in Japan lags far

behind the West and pressure on children to achieve could be damaging their future sexuality, a Japanese sexologist told an international conference. Sex education at Japanese schools is minimal and Japan has yet to establish a specialised research institute and does not have even one sexology programme, said Seiichi Matsumoto, one of the organisers of the 12th World Congress of Sexology. "Unfortunately, sexuality research is far behind that of other countries." he said. Mr. Matsumoto said Japanese do not talk about sex as much as people in other developed countries and the Japanese wee left to learn about sex from pornographic videos and the media. He added that the media provided "irresponsible and inflammatory images of sex" that "give women feelings of being insulted and men fee! ings of inferiority." Strong pressure to do well in Japan's competitive education system left students little time to play, Mr. Matsumoto said. What time children did have was often spent shut in their rooms playing video games, resulting in poor interacting skills which could damage their sexuality in the future,

#### General makes millions in bonuses for arrests of Basques

MADRID (AFP) - A Civil Guard general suspected of a involvement in his squads that killed Basque separatists made a fortune from bonuses\_ paid by the government each time a commando group was arrested, a newspaper said Monday. General Enrique Rodriguez Galindo, former head of the Civil Guard in Spain's Basque region, has amassed the equivalent of \$3.3 million from the more. than 90 busts his paramilitary forces have made since 1980, the daily El Mundo reported. The busts netted some 600 arrests. Each time, he received a bonus ranging from \$16,000 to \$40,000 from a special interior ministry fund, the paper said. The government caused an uproar last month by promoting Gen. Rodriguez from colonel to general. The promotion was controversial because press reports have linked him to hit squads, known as Anti-Terrorist Liberation Groups, ... that killed 22 Basque separate ists in the 1980s. Gen. Rodriguez has not been charged in 1 the affair. El Mundo said? Gen. Rodriguez was supposed to share the bonuses with other Civil Guard offic. ers, but that he did not it Instead, the newspaper said, a Gen. Rodriguez had his subordinates take bribes from g people involved in contraband in the Basque country.

## Gunmen kill 14 in Colombia massacre

A South Korean woman sobs in grief as she

remembers life under Japanese rule during the

colonial years of 1910-1945 in front of the

Japanese embassy in Seoul on Monday

BOGOTA, Colombia (AP) - Gunmen opened fire in a dance hall in a strife-ridden region of northwest Colombia, killing at least 14 people, some as they tried to

(Reuters photo)

Authorities did not immediately know who was responsible for the Saturday night massacre in Chigorodo, a town in an area marked by clashes between guerrillas, leftist rebels, right-wing paramilitary groups and government troops.

As young men and women. many of them workers in the local banana fields, drank and danced at the Aracatazzo bar in a poor neighbourhood, assailants armed with assault rifles walked inside and opened fire.
"They didn't say a word.

They just began shooting. Even the bar owner was killed," army Col. Manuel Perez told the associated press in a phone interview from the army's 17th brigade, which is investigating.

Gunmen reportedly were

posted on the street to kill anyone trying to escape. There was at least one survivor, a man who was wounded, according to radio reports. The man refused to talk to reporters. Col. Perez said investigators were hav-, ing trouble getting information because witnesses were afraid to talk.

"It's a horrible thing, to see all the bodies strewn about the floor," said a local priest. Luis Carlos Sanchez. Col. Perez refuted radio reports saying the gunmen had a list of names of their

intended victims. Eighteen people were killed in the bar and in the street outside; said a police officer would not give his name.

were killed in and around the bar. Four other people were killed elsewhere in apparent unrelated circumstances, he Army officials said thev

paramilitary groups, which target suspected guerrilla sympathisers, or leftist rebels were responsible for the kill-It was the worst massacre

in 20 months in the Uraba district, a region of extensive banana plantations near the Panamanian border. \_At\_least\_six\_other\_people\_

were killed Saturday night elsewhere in Uraba. The six, including three off-duty soldiers, were gunned down on the outskirts of Apartado, 25 kilometres north of Chigorodo, radio reports said. Police had no immediate comment.

In January 1994, gunmen believed to be leftist guerrillas killed 35 people in Apartado at a street party in a neighbourhood that supported a political group — the Hope, Peace and Freedom Party - composed of demobilised rebels.

Authorities suspect that massacre was carried out to force the party - a rival to other left-wing political groups — to disband.

In a report last year, a human rights group identified. Uraba as one of Colombia's most violent areas, with an average of three politically motivated killings per day.

Leftist rebels have been fighting the sold remember of the residual to the remaining the remaining proups began forming in the early 1980s in many rural areas of Colombia to protect the interests of landowners from leftists who in Chigorodo. The officer would not give his name.

pushed for more equal distribution of the nation's re-But Col. Perez said 14 . sources.

## Taiwan premier urges calm before China tests

urged his people to be calm as China begins a new series of missile tests north of the island.

"We should use the utmost confidence and determinasuspected either right-wing tion to ensure the safety of the country," government spokesman Jason Hu quoted Mr. Lien as saying after a visit to the defence ministry.

China plans to start a series of missile tests on Tuesday 150 kilometres off Taiwan's north coast. The tests, to last until Aug. 25, are the second in less than a month in the East China Sea.

"We are very happy that

already prepared perfect was quoted on television as

Saying.
China's last series of missile tests between July 21 and 26 in the sea north of Taiwan had triggered widespread fear. The announcement of more missile last week sent financial markets into a spin and the Taiwan dollar tumb-

ling. Wu Poh-Hsiung, secretarygeneral of the president's office, said Taiwan would evaluate whether to postpone a

TAIPEI (R) — TAiwan Premier Lien Chan on Monday the defence ministry and soldiers in the army, the air national day. "When is the appropriate

time to hold this exercise, the defence ministry will evaluate carefully," Mr. Wu said. "When it conducts the evaluation, it will not exclude

opinions from other ministeris." he said. The defence ministry has announced it will hold the Hua Hsing exercise, de-

scribed as a routine military inspection activity for the national day, before Oct. 10. Lin Yang-Kang, adviser to

president Lee Teng-Hui and vice-chairman of the rationg Nationalist Party, said at the weekend that the government should consider postponing the exercise to -decrease tenstions.

A senior policey-making official said scheduled talks with China could not begin if Beijing continued to try to intimidate Taiwan.

"Communist China's not renouncing the use of force is like taking a gun to point at an unarmed person. We have put down our weapons," Kao Koong-Lian, spokesman for the cabinet's mainland affairs council, said on state-funded

Mr. Kao was referring to -the island's announcement in

1991 that it would drop the use of force against China. "If it still takes gun to point at us, I don't think anybody can start talks under iontimidation," Mr. Kao

Taiwan and China have been rivals since the end of a Chinese civil war i n 1949. Both governments say they want reunification, but on different terms.

Bilateral relations soured markedly after Mr. Lee's private visit to the United States in June, seen by Beijing as a move towards independence by Taiwan, which it regards as a rebewl province.

## Red Cross to help China flood victims

BEIJING (R) — The International Committee of the Red Cross said on Monday it hopes to raise 10.2 million Swiss francs (\$8.6 million) for victims of the worst floods since 1888 to hit northeast

In northeast Liaoning province alone, about 100 people have been killed or are missing, Ron Kuban, monitoring delegate for the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies, said after a four-day trip to Liaoning last week.

Economic losses were initially estimated at 31 billion (yuan (\$3.7 billion)

Tens of thousands of people have been left homeless, and the Red Cross has appealed for international aid, hoping to raise 10.2 million Swiss francs for the worst affected victims in Liaoning and other flood-stricken areas, he said.

About 380,000 homes have been destroyed and 1.1 million others damaged in Liaoning. "We saw houses that were

literally disintegrated, washed away beyond recognition," Mr. Kuban said in a telephone interview. "It was like somebody came in with a big rake and scraped it away...it's very

chaotic.' Bricks and chunks of concrete from a farmer's home and his personal belonging could be found half a kilometre down the farmer's field, he said.

"I saw one person digging up his bicycle...standing and covered with mud right to the top," Mr. Kuban said. About six million people

have been affected. The Red Cross priority is to feed victims, provide them with sanitary water and clothing and have them disinfected, Mr. Kuban said.

## Ross Perot does not rule out independent presidential run

Texas billionaire Ross Pérot, wrapping up a heavily attended political gathering with a speech sharply critical of the nation's leaders, declined to rule out another run for president Sunday.

Ending a meeting attended by all of the 1996 Republican presidential candidates, along with a high-ranking advisor to President Bill Clinton, Ms. Perot called on supporters to push for a political reform package to be passed by Christams.

Earlier, in an interview with NBC-TV, the fiesty billionaire, who got 19 per cent of the vote in a 1992 presidential run, declined to rule out another stab at the nation's

highest office in 1996. He said taking his potential candidacy off the table, a move Republicans have been hoping Perot would make, could have a chilling effect on

reforms now under consid-

"Look, I would like to go away; but if I go away, the odds we'll get these reforms are zero, so I kind of have to stay around," he said. Perot, derided by some cri-

tics as an egomaniac, said he did not dream of occupying the White House. "I've got to honestly be-

lieve it's good for my country, because that's the only reason I would want to go serve a hitch in hell, and that's, you know, the kindest word you could put on it in terms of being in public life," In his speech Sunday, Mr.

Perot had harsh words for career politicians. He said "lack of trust" was the biggest problem, and urged the members of his United We Stand political organisation to continue effort to "change that (bad) system."

Mr. Perot called on supporters to push passage by Christmas of a second "Contract with America," the agenda offered by the Republican majority that allowed them to capture the House of Representatives for the first time in 40 years.

The reforms would include a revamping of campaign finance laws, restricting the power of government lob-byists and other political house cleaning.

Republicans were hoping during the conference to convince Mr. Perot not to mount another independent presidential challenge which could sap support for their candidate and hand Mr. Clinton a reelection win.

They courted the billionaire's supporters by promising a balanced federal budget, tax reforms and an end to preferences for

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## World News



IN TROUBLE: Spanish builfighter Pepin Liria tries to protect himself from a fighting bull that had thrown him to the ground during a bullfight in Gijon Sunday. Liria, in his first appearance since heing injured in the bullring of the French city of Mont de Marsan last July, had with the bulls but was not injured.

## Chechen-Russian talks in crisis amid conflicting reports of accord

MOSCOW (AFP) - Peace talks between Chechen rebels and Russian forces werre on the verge of collapse Monday, amid conflicting reports that an accord had been reached on disarmament of separatist forces.

The reported agreement between the Chechen and Russian commanders came in a 30-minute meeting in the Chechen capital Grozny held as the peace talks bht a crisis, with each side accusing the other of sabotaging the pro-

On Sunday, the Russian side gave the Chechens an ultimatum to begin disarming voluntarily, as already agreed to, or face the use of force.

Interfax news agency reported that Russian General Anatoly Romanov had narrowed the ultimatum down to a deadline of 4:00 p.m. (1200 GMT) to sign a Russian plan on carrying out the disarmament agreement.

It was not clear whether the deadline was given before or after the reported agree-ment between Mr. Romanov and Chechen military commander Aslan Maskhadov.

ITAR-TASS said Mr. Romanov and Mr. Maskhadov agreed that four groups of representatives from both forces would visit different areas of Chechenya to put the disarmament process into ac-

The two sides have been locked in talks since mid-A July 30 peace agreement

provided for the exchange of prisoners, the disarmament of rebel Chechen forces and the beginning of a withdrawal of Russian troops, who entered the Caucasian republic Dec. 11 last year.

So far, none of the conditions have been fulfilled and the negotiations on fundamental issues, such as Chechenya's political status, have bogged down.

Even the ceasefire, also part of the agreement, has been repeatedly violated by both sides.

The reported breakthrough between Mr. Romanov and Mr. Maskhadov will be accompanied by the scattering from helicopters of 7,000 leaflets with a simplified text of the July 30 accord, ITAR-TASS said.

There will also be a call to mothers "to stop your sons if they keep shouting at Russian soldiers."

But given the difficulties the disarmament process has already run into, there remained grave doubts over whether Mr. Maskhadov's and Mr. Romanov's agreement would convince Chechen fighters to give up the weapons they have fought with since last December. In Moscow, President

Boris Yeltsin chaired a meeting on the crisis attended by Premier Viktor Chernomyrdin and members of the Russian negotiating team.
Interfax said the meeting

was also attended by Interior Minister Anatoly Kulikov, Nationalities Minister Vvacheslav Mikhailov and the head of the Russian administration in Chechenya,

Nikolai Semyonov.

The meeting ended without any public statements, a Kremlin spokesman said.

On Sunday, the Russian side took a tough stand, accusing Chechen separatist President Dzhokhar Dudayev of violating the "letter and spirit" of the July 30 accord.

The crisis had worsened when Mr. Dudayev reportedly issued a decree ordering creation of a "regular army," which he said made his guerrilla forces exempt from the military accord that calls for disarmament of "illegal formations.

Mr. Mikhailov said that "if common sense does not prevail over these ambitions then, unfortunately, we will have to fulfill this accord by force," he warned.

India rules out swap

He accused Chechen fighters and shooting at Russian troops more than 200 times since the accord was signed. Ten soldiers had been killed and 37 wounded, he said. Akhyad Idigov, part of the Chechen delegation, said

Russian forces were continuing "artillery attacks. arrests and massacres," the news agency Interfax said.

Sunday, the Chechen dolegation said it had uncovered a Russian bomb plo: against Mr. Dudayev. The Russians denied involve-

Mr. Kulikov said there was also still total disagreement on the exchange of prisoners, which should have taken

place Aug. 7. The Russians want 54 prisoners to be freed, while the Chechens have presented a list of seven Russian prisoners, asking in exchange for the liberation of 1,500 to

2.000 Chechens. Russian forces stormed Chech, aya in December to end an independence uprising led by Mr. Dudayev. An estimated 15,000 to

30,000 people have been killed in the fighting, many ci them civilians killed in the indiscriminate Russian bombing and shelling of Grozny and other towns and

## Sri Lanka to block Indian extremists on island

COLOMBO (R) - Sri Lanka is sending troops to a tiny island in the Palk Strait close to the maritime boundary with India to block efforts by extremists in the southern Indian state of Tamil Nadu to hoist the Indian flag on the island, military sources said on Monday.

"An extremist group in Tamil Nadu is planning to come and hoist the Indian flag on Kachchativu on Tuesday," a senior military officer told Reuters.

'We're sending troops and navy patrol boats to stop them." he said. He identified t

KARACHI (AFP) - Thir-

teen people were killed in

Karachi Monday, six of them

massacred and dumped in a

van, marring Pakistan's Inde-pendence Day festivities.

while Prime Minister Benazir

Bhutto vowed to end "ter-

As Ms. Bhutto spoke at a

grand open-air ceremony

outside the parliament in

Islamabad, marking the 49th

nent's independence from

Britain, police said they

found six bullet-riddled

bodies in an abandoned van.

slumped over the seats.

head and chest, had probably

been kidnapped in various

parts of the city, their bodies

later dumped in the stolen

vehicle in the central district.

The victims, shot in the

bound and blindfolded.

anniversary of the subconti-

extremist Tamil group whose members have sometimes voiced support for the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam rebels, who are fighting for an independent homeland for minority Tamils in Sri Lanka's north and east.

"We're also sending a police contingent. We plan to put up a naval screen to prevent any attempt by the extremists to land," the sources said.

A senior navy officer said the navy already had gunboats patrolling the sea near the island, 64 kilometres the Pattali Makkal Katchi, an land.

A Pakistani Navy Sailor,

leading a band at a military

parade at the mausoleum of

the founder of the nation

Mohammad Ali Jinnah, was

killed by a sniper who shot

from one of the nearby build-

ings, police said. In Orangi, a western neigh-

bourhood, two bodies were

discovered and three people.

among them a woman, were

shot dead by unidentified

gunmen, amid sporadic firing

a police officer slain a few

months ago, was killed by

gunmen in a central locality,

The death of the naval

band leader, identified as

Ejaz Afzal, occurred during

the parade after the Sindh

Province Governor Kamal

The 13th victim, brother of

incidents in the area.

police said.

But diplomats said India was likely the extremists before they set out for Kachcha-

'It is more practical for the Indians to stop them on their side of the maritime bound-

ary," one diplomat said.
The move to hoist the Indian flag on Kachchativu by the group, which says India should retrieve the island from Sri Lanka, may have been planned to coincide with India's independence day, on Tuesday, sources

Extremist groups in Tamil Nadu have been putting pressure on the central government to take back Kach-

13 killed in Karachi amid independence celebrations

Azfar and Chief Minister

Abdullah Shah, had left the

ceremony, witnesses and

Officials said three of those

found dead in the ... n had

been identified. One of them.

identified as Sooba Masih,

had a note on his body alleg-

ing he was a police informer,

when boys carrying Kalasha-nikovs and pistols entered the

house and took him away in

the van, although I begged them for his life," police

quoted Sooba Masih's son as

On Aug. 3, 12 men were

found dead and similarly

bound in a minibus in a diffe-

Police blamed all of the

killings on the Mohajir

rent part of the city.

"My father was sleeping

police said.

police said.

chativu, which was ceded to Sri Lanka under the 1974 Indo-Lanka maritime bound-

ary pact.
"There was a dispute as to the rights pertaining to the island," a diplomat told Reu-"India accepted Sri Lanka's claim.'

He said the deal gave Indian fishermen access to the island to dry their nets. It also allowed Indian pilgrims to visit the island without visas for an annual church festival.

"The church is the only habitation there," he said. "There used to be an annual

festival. The festival has not been

Qaumi Movement (MQM).

Karachi's main opposition

group, which broke off talks

with the government late last

But the MQM, which rep-

resents Urdu-speaking im-

migrants from India who set-

tled here after the partition of

the subcontinent in 1947,

blames clashes that have left

more than 1,200 dead this

year on government discri-

mination against the immig-

Ms. Bhutto said her govern-

ment would continue its

efforts to find a political solu-

tion to the Karachi conflict

and resolved to "end the politics of terror and ethnic-

"A group has taken up

Speaking in Islamabad,

month after four unproduc-

tive rounds.

held since fighting between Tamil rebels and Sri Lankan government forces intensified in the mid-1980s, he said.

Tamil rebels used Tamil Nadu as a support base for attacks in Sri Lanka during the 1980s, when New Delhi turned a blind eye to their operations and even secretly trained and armed them.

India cracked down on the rebels after a Tiger suicide bomber blew up former Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi in Tamil Nadu in 1991. But the Tigers still maintain a network and are known

the Press Trust of India (PTI) quoted internal Security Minister Rajesh Pilot as to have support among ex-

ity," she said, and claimed a "foreign hand" — an appa-

rent reference to India - was

ly 50 years of independence

the politics of ethnicity still

exists," she told the inde-

pendence day gathering, which included military

chiefs, ministers and high

Ms. Bhutto said her gov-

ernment had allocated more

than \$4 billion for a long-

term development program-

of criminal charges against

Hussain, the party head now

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me in Karachi.

It is a pity that after near-

exploiting the situation.

#### saying. The mutilated body of Hans Christian Ostroe, laid in a simple wooden coffin with a floral wreath atop, was transferred from a military aircraft to an ambulance at

tem examination.

releasing any militant in ex-

change for the foreign tour-

ists held hostage by the mili-tants in the Kashmir Valley."

New Delhi airport, and driven to the main army hospital for an autopsy. An Indian government spokesman said a note apparently written by Mr.

Ostroe, whose body was found by a peasant woman collecting wood in remote Kashmir on Sunday, indicated he had not expected to survive the kidnap ordeal. "He wrote that he didn't

expect to get out alive," the spokesman told Reuters. He said the note had been discovered in Mr. Ostroe's under-

# for Kashmire hostages

SRINAGAR, India (R) — India ruled out on Monday swapping jailed Kashmiri Al Faran militants said they had killed Mr. Ostroe separatists for four Western because the government had not heeded their demands for hostages, as the decapitated body of a fifth captive arrived the release of 15 separatist in New Delhi for a post morcomrades from jail.

They carved the name Al "There is no question of Faran into Mr. Ostroe's stomach and threatened to kill the other Western hostages they have been holding since early July if New Delhi failed to act within two days. The All-Party Hurriyat

(freedom) Conference, coalition of about 30 Kashmiri religious, social and political groups, condemned the killing and called for a general strike in the Himalayan region on Aug. 16 in protest.

The gruesome act has shaken the people of Kashmir who condemn the killers," Hurriyat said in a statement. "It is the murder of human values and dignity which deserves the strongest condemnation and con-

Mr. Ostroe's brutal killing and the Tuesday deadline heaped pressure on the Indian government to try to mount a raid to rescue the

four remaining captives. New Delhi's strategy had been to try to negotiate the release of Mr. Ostroe and the

other hostages — German Dirk Hasert. American Donald Hutchings and Britons Paul Wells and Keich

Mangan. Indian authorities held an emergency meeting in New Delhi on Sunday evening to consider ways to rescue the hostages. But it was not certain the government would try a raid.

A senior official said an assault by commandos to free the hostages could entail negotiations to win their release would continue.

He said foreign governments were likely to press New Delhi not to swoop on

the militants. "There will be international pressure not to take strong action against the abductors,

otherwise we would comb the place and flush them out," he Home (interior) Secretary

K. Padmanabhaiah, who met envoys from the four concerned Western countries on Sunday night, said the government would continue negotiating with the captors.

What we have decided is that, notwithstanding what happened, we should continue our dialogue,' Padmanabhaiah said.

## Sinn Fein Adams stirs row by IRA-still here remark

BELFAST (R) - Sinn Fein President Gerry Adams was at the centre of fresh controversy Monday for pointedly reminding Northern Ire-land that the IRA guerrilla movement had not disbanded despite a year-long cesefire. Senior spokesman for Sinn Fein, which, like the IRA,

seeks to end British rule of Northern Ireland, tried to play down Mr. Adams' remark at a huge Belfast raily on Sunday. The party's vice-president, Pat Doherty, told BBC radio

that there was no threat the Irish Republican Army would resume its 25-year war on Britain despite deadlock in a fledgling Anglo-Irish peace plan. He repeated Mr. Adams' accusation that Britain had

brought the peace process to the brink by refusing to convene all-; arty talks until the IRA and its Protestant lovalist rivals disarm. "It is not under the threat of a return to violence. This

peace process is in a crisis all party talks.

because the British government is refusing to move to Mr. Doherty was defending Mr. Adams against an

off-the-cuff remark on Sun-

day when a member of a huge crowd shouted out "Bring back the IRA" as Mr. Adams listed his grievances against

Britain. "They haven't gone away you know," Mr. Adams replied with a smile on his face and to a wave of warm laugh-

Sinn Fein, the IRA's political wing, says it does not speak for the guerrillas and abhors all violence but understands those who resort to arms to end British rule of Ireland. Its opponents accuse it of being little more than a front for the guerrillas and

not a political party.

But British media said his words were "chilling" and they won more prominence than his call for all-party talks and assertion that Sinn Fein would not accept IRA decommissioning as a precondition for joining them.

The arms issue is at the root of the peace process deadlock as Northern Ireland approaches the first anniversary of the IRA ceasefire that launched the province on the peace track.

The Roman Catholic primate of All Ireland, Cardinal Cahal Daly, said after a wave of weekend street clashes be- going.

tween Catholics and police that the deadlock was frus-

We are in real danger of missing a historic opportunity to end conflict and produce a peaceful, reconciled and agreed Northern Ireland. If we miss it now it may not come again.

"I think there is frustration. I think there is impatience... there is concern that we might slide back again violence," he told the BBC. At least 30 people were

hurt at the weekend when Catholics tried to prevent Protestants parading through their areas and youths fire bombed a Protestant "orange" hall overnight. British and Irish officials

are working on proposals to break the deadlock which could include a commitment by the IRA and its loyalist focs, who fought to keep the province British, to disarm at some stage perhaps under international supervision. David Ervine, leader of the

Progressive Unionist Party which is close to UVF lovalist guerrillas, said it was vital the gunmen made a commitment to disarm to keep peace

## Aum's guru Ashara · charged with abduction

arms in the name of ethnic- living in London.

TOKYO (AFP) — Japanese police on Monday brought yet another charge against Aum Supreme Truth guru Shoko Asahara, alleging that he was responsible for the abduction, confinement and death of a borther of an Aum

A spokesman said police arrested Mr. Asahara anew along with six disciples in the case of Kiyoshi Kariya, a 68-year-old notary public clerk i Tokyo who was abducted in front of his office

on February 28.
It was the fifth charge against Asahara, 40, who was first arrested on May 16 as the alleged mastermind behind the March 20 sarin nerve gas attack on the Tokyo subway.

Some 40 Aum followers have also been arrested and indicted for the attack, which killed 11 people and injured 5 500 others. The near-blind guru has since been charged with the

murder of a disciple, the cult's production and use of illegal drugs and an earlier sarin attack in June 1994 that killed seven and injured some 600 in the central Japanese city of Matsumoto. Under the Japanese legal system, police "arrest" sus-

pects for each alleged crime

even if they are already under

In the latest case, the guru is believed to have ordered his disciples to abduct Mr. Kariya in an attempt to find the latters 62-year-old sister,

Jiji Press and other reports said, quoting police sources. The wealthy widow, who had by then donated 60 million yen (\$640,000) to Aum, was reportedly trying to defect from the cult.

After being abducted to a group led by Yoshihiro In-oue, the 25-year-old cult's 'intelligence minister", Mr. Kariya was taken in a van to the Aum's main commune in Kamikujshiki, a village at the foot of Mt. Fuji, Jiji said

Mr. Kariya reportedly died the next day, on March 1, apparently of shock after receiving an injection of a truth drug from Aum's chief doctor Ikuo Hayashi, 48. Mr. Inoue and Tomomasa

Nakagawa, 32, are believed to have disposed of Mr. Kariya's corpose in a cultinvented microwave incinerator, Jiji said. Despite wide-spread speculation that Aum had been involved in the abduction of a

lawyer and his family six years earlier, plice had been cautious about raiding the cult until Mr. Kariya's abduction, which occurred in broad daylight in the presence of



Executed Norwegian hostage Hans Christian Ostrow (bottom left) is seen in this photo release by his captors together with his four fellow hostages (clockwise from top left): German Dirk Hasert, Briton Pan; Wells. American Donald Hutchings and Briton Keith Mangan

## 3 French officers jailed in beating of Moroccan-born man

PARIS (AP) - In a scandal that could ignite new ethnic tensions in France's secondlargest city, three police officers were jailed Sunday in the brutal beating of a North African man.

The attack in Marseille comes at a time of simmering ethnic tensions across France. Reeling under high unemployment, many white French see immigrants as an economic threat, and authorities are probing North African connections to the July 25 Paris subway attack that killed seven people and injured

more than 80 others. ordered the three officers -

a squad chief, his deputy and a patrol officer - held indefinitely pending a probe of Friday evening's vicious attack on an unemployed -Moroccan-born French

Polic, sources in Masreille, a southern port city on the Mediterranean, said the three unidentified officers were stripped of their guns and badges and immediately suspended on Saturday. On Sunday, they were formally charged with premeditated violence, civil rights offences and theft.

In Paris, Interior Minister A judge late Sunday Jean-Louis Debre ordered the swift action and a thor-

ough investigation after raviewing the results of a preliminary inquiry into the attack. "What has happened up-

sets me," said Michel Sapin, police chief for the Marseille region, vowing to "severely punish these unacceptable acts." He said the inspector general of the national police - France's federal internal affairs agency - was involved.

French television, describing the case as a "smear" on the police, showed brief footage Sunday of nurses changing bandages on a bruised and battered Sid Mohammad Chairman of the Board of Directors:

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## Code requires consensus

THE ARAB LEAGUE is busy preparing itself for an important ministerial meeting zext month to adopt the so-called "Code of Monour" that supposedly would regulate inter-Arab relations in the future. Also on the agenda of the meeting will be a review of the Arab League's Charter, the creation of an Arab peacekeeping force and the establishment of an Arab High Court of Justice. These and other related subjects should make the upcoming conference in Cairo, which will take place on the eve of the next U.N. General Assembly session in New York, a momentous event that promises to improve relations between the Arab capitals and put them on a sound footing.

Inter-Arab ties had suffered a great deal in the aftermath of the Gulf crisis and they continue to weigh heavily on relations, among countries and even peoples. To be sure, though, there are other factors that elso affect. Arab relations that date back to he era that preceded the Gulf conflict. No wonder the Arab League appears determined to put the Arab house in order, leginning with basics, like the touted code of Lenour and ending with the more difficult and complex issues.

The proposed code, however, remains a injustery as far as the Arab peoples are concerned. The Arab League should be the first to recognise that addressing the shortcomings of inter-Arab relations calls for more than official involvement. The Arab peoples everywhere should be also involved in the process of articulating and adopting the code. That is why we need to have broader access to the articles of this code so that our masses could have an opportunity to voice their opinions on them, individually and collectively. The next few weeks which precede the convening of the ministerial meeting can be used to solicit any ideas our intellectuals, researchers and individuals might have on formulating the document. The Arab mass media in particular should be invited to publish more information about the code in question and Arab professional associations are in turn called upon to express their views. After all Arab ties are not and should not be limited or confined to official contacts. Unless and until relations omong the various Arab peoples are also addressed and put on the right course, no amount of proper ties on the official level would be sufficient to ensure a bright future.

#### ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

IT SEEMS that that the United States is enthusiastic about the idea of escalating tension between Iraq and Jordan and would do anything to see such development in the aftermath of the defection to the Kingdom by some of the Iraqi president's family members, said Hussein Abu Rumman, a writer in Al Ra'i. Washington is trying to employ the latest development as an excuse for maintaining the sanctions on Iraq as a means of pressure on President Saddam Hussein and his regime, said the writer. But, said the writer, it is clear that the Iraqi regime considers Jordan as its sole outlet to the outside world and as such it cannot be concerned with straining its ties with the Kingdom. Furthermore, the Iraqi regime realises that Jordan can by no means be responsible for the Iraqi internal disputes, and that it had no choice but to grant the Iraqi defectors asylum, added the writer. However, he said, it is hoped that the Iraqi regime will benefit from this latest development and embark on a democratic course, political pluralism and other positive actions that can help to end the Iraqi people's sufferings.

AL DUSTOUR daily said Monday that certain elements, considered hostile to the Arab Nation, are trying to distort Jordan's image before the world through exploiting the defection of Iraqi army officers to the Kingdom. Recalling that Jordan's position was misinterpreted during the Gulf crisis, causing the country to be ostracised. The paper said that some hostile elements are trying once again to fish in shallow waters by claiming that Jordan is serving as a base for Iraqi opposition intent on overthrowing the Iraqi regime. The paper said these elements have forgotten that tens of thousands of Iraqis have been living in Jordan since the Gulf crisis and are treated here as guests in line with the Kingdom's custom of giving refuge to all brothers and sisters from any part of the Arab World. Hosting Hussein Kamel Hassan and his companions, it said, is in keeping with this tradition of according hospitality and refuge to all brothers and sisters fleeing their homeland and seeking protection and safety.

The View from Fourth Circle

# Barbarians and Bosnia's frightening lessons

THE CONTINUING warfare and human suffering in Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia, Serbia and other parts of the former Yugoslavia demand better than they have received to date on two important levels: explanation of the behaviour of the Western powers, notably the United States and the major European states, and explanation of the behaviour of the Islamic World.

Bosnia today is a haunted land, consumed by ghosts that bring us face-to-face with chilling realities that are as macabre as anything we have experienced in recent human history. The predominantly Muslim Bosnians have suffered the most in this terrorised and scarred place, but Serbs, Croats and international peace-keepers have also died and suffered. The latest round of fighting, ethnic cleaning and refugee flows emphasises the fact that Bosnia is the most vulnerable party, but not the only vulnerable party.

The common instinct in our region, Europe and even North America has been to wring one's hands and to wonder why the world has not done any better in protecting the Bosnians and bringing peace and stability to this disfigured patch of Earth. We hear about morality, about history, about averting or stopping vulgarity and brutality, about the unconsciouable evils of ethnic cleansing, about appeasement, and about the United Nations and NATO fighter-bombers. We hear accusations that the West is compliant with Serbian aggression because the West does not want, a Muslim state in its midst.

We hear many such pleas, explanations and excuses, but they all seem unsatisfactory, because they all miss the point, they all fear to accept the truth -- not the truth about Bosnia and Croatia and Serbia and places far away, but the truth about own societies and values and priorities, in the Arab and Islamic World, and in Europe and the United States. This conflict is not about avoiding repeating the horrors of the past; it has nothing to do with the past. It is a conflict about the present and the values of the present, and it is also about the future and the future shape of national interests and interventions in our world. That is why it is so terrible, and why our collective human response to it is so frightening to us, to the point that we have been numbed into almost meaningless blabber when we speak of the need to bring peace and justice to that disfigured and ravaged land, and to our disfigured and ravaged psyches.

There is nothing historically new or politically unusual about the brutality in Bosnia and its violent neighbourhood. Such violence and racism hve been practised by otherwise decent people in the United States, the Middle East, Europe, South America. Africa and Asia. What is new today is that we know about this passion and this slaughter at first-hand, for we see it on our televisions several times a day. Standing at that historical novel intersection between speedy global communication and basic human compassion, our compassion bravely tries to rise to the occasion and assert itself. But it cannot match that other, deadly emotion that also defines us as human beings: selfish, materialistic indifference.

Everybody is angry about Bosnia, everybody blames someone else, everybody calls for everybody else to rise to a higher level of morality, assistance, protection, something, anything, any gesture or symbol or pathetic little sign that makes us feel that we are trying to do something, that we care, that the compassion within us has not died. But still it does not work. Our appeals are self-satisfying, but ineffective. The killing and ethnic cleansing go on, as does mass global bewilderment, and predictable appeals to do

something, anything.

The agony of Bosnia is the agony of all of us as individuals and as societies and nations. The agony is that we understand now that we do not really care about Bosnia or Croatia or Serbia, beyond making the self-satisfying tures that make us believe we care. Our crime as human beings in a single earthly family is not that we have done little or nothing to help the people of the former Yugoslavia; our crime is that we have written off these sad cultures that had the misfortune to be the world's first televised political morality freak show in the post-cold war world of Pax Americana — a sick and brutal show complete with ethnic cleansing, prisoner camps, mass rapes and fleeing refugees moved down by enemy planes.

The new rules of the world are harsh, unrelenting and deeply lacking in compassion. The new rules have one primary measure of value: economic and material utility. If you are a big country or even a big power, you make policy today on the basis of how smaller countries can serve your material and economic interests. If you are a small country, you look for bigger powers to link with.

Bosnia and its neighbours are unlucky to be among the first lands to bear the weight of the harsh new rules, and thus to teach us about those rules and about ourselves. It is hard to admit that the Bosnian tragedy can go on for nearly four years; it is harder to accept that the indifference of the

world, our indifference, is equally strong.

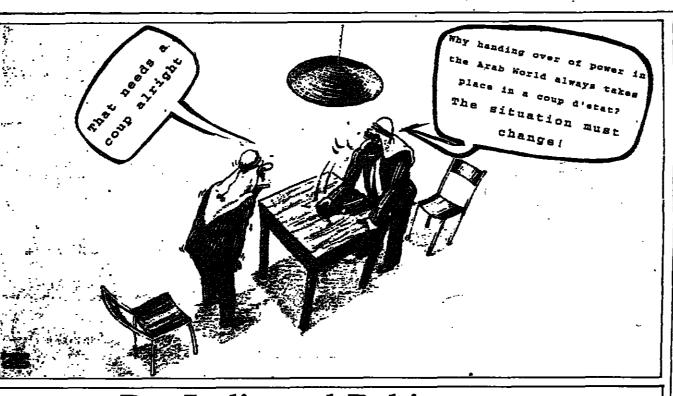
The first lesson of Bosnia is not about vulnerability or racism or religion or xenophobia or appeasement; it is about something far more frightening: it is about being unimportant and inconsequential, and therefore disposable. This is a terrifying realisation that hounds us as both potential practitioners and victims: we can spend years watching other countries and cultures sink into a terrible spiral of killing and desperation and do very little of consequence about it, and we might also imagine ourselves one day becomming weak, vulnerable and peripheral, and thus subject to a cruel Bosnian fate while others watch and do little of consequence. Either way, we suffer and we lose. Those in the West and the Islamic World who control

armies and much advanced weaponry seem as perplexed about what to do in Bosnia as the average citizen. What is the meaning of their hesitation and caution, other than that they do not find the potential gains from a serious military intervention in Bosnia and environs sufficiently significant to warrant the risks of intervention? Domestic politics or national interest often are cited as reasons for caution and temperate policy. Is this not the same as saying that Bosnia and environs are not important enough to do anything more than the current shopping list of intervention, interdiction, protection, prevention and confusion?

If Islamic and other states were really concerned enough about the suffering of Bosnians, could they not have sent more military aid or even troops? If the West were really keen to bring peace to that area, could it not have acted with more forcefulness two and three years ago, when the problem was in its infancy? In both cases, the answer is, of course, yes. Why did nobody act more decisively to help Bosnia? Because nobody deems Bosnia important or useful enough to go to war for. This is a cruel reality that is confirmed by our history today. I can draw no other reasonable conclusions from the facts before us.

Bosnia and its neighbourhood will probably live through this and history will go on. but history will be conducted henceforth according to the new rules of national political expedience and economic servitude. Countries that serve others — as markets, or geographic buffers, or sources of raw material or cheap labour, or dumping grounds for hazardous wastes, or purveyors of drugs, sex and weaponry, or exotic vacation spots, or any of many other purposes countries that perform these functions will be courted, protected and nurtured. Countries that fail this test will be allowed to go their own way and suffer their own regional fate, at the hands of their own people and neighbours.

Bosnia has, or should have, taught us about these new rules, but most people around the world prefer not to see the new realities of our world. We prefer to live in the past, to see Bosnia and to speak of appeasement and laws of civilised societies, and yet nobody in the West or the Islamic realm really cares enough to offer more than words and humanitarian material aid. This is good and decent of the world, but it is not enough to affirm that the laws of civilised societies triumph over the narrow fears and the large swords of the barbarians — both the barbarians on the battlefield, and the barbarians in the global audience.



## Put India and Pakistan on the Oslo track to peace

By Ahmad Rashid and Ramesh Thakur

LAHORE, Pakistan — Relations between Pakistan and India are at their worst and most dangerous since 1970. Yet Pakistanis and northern Indians are essentially the same people with a shared civilisation and common food, music, culture, speech and way of life.

France and Germany, historic enemies, are now at peace and partners in prosperity. The price paid before their reconciliation was two world wars.

Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation, 20th century enemies of equally bitter proportions, are engaged in a peace pro-cess that has already recorded substantial achievements. The key was a search for peace along the so-called Oslo track.

Pakistan and India have a rivalry as intense and long as the Israeli-Palestinian conflict. This rivalry led to wars in 1947-1948, 1965 and 1971. If there is a future conflict, it could escalate into mutually ruinous nuclear cataciysm.

There are thus compelling reasons for the two countries to engage in a substantial search for peace. The rest of the world has a major stake in the outcome.

Almost five decades of conflict have left Pakistan and India in a lose equation. Pakistan cannot wrest Kashmir from India by force. The majority of Kashmiris care little for Indian control. The costs to India are huge and continuing. The occupation of Kashmir has damaged India's democracy and undermined its federalism. The effort of trying to integrate Kashmir into the Indian mainstream has also been a costly financial drain. The conflict is the main

obstacle in both countries to reducing military spending and converting military industries to more productive, civilian use. A high defence outlay depresses economic growth directly by diverting investment funds, and indirectly by diverting research and development skills and efforts. This is particularly true for Pakistan, 28 per cent of whose central government expenditure goes on defence, compared with 15 per cent for India.

The world's is interest is engaged because of the numbers of people involved (some one-fifth of humanity) and because of the risks of a nuclear conflict.

Virtually all avenues of conflict management and resolution have been tried. But not the "Oslo track."

There have been no formal diplomatic talks between the two countries for more than a year. Allega-tions abound about intelligence and security agencies meddling in each other's internal trouble spots and

waging vicious proxy wars. Previous rounds of foreign secretary talks over five years proved barren because both sides are forced to pander to strong rightwing lobbies opposed to a peace agreement and in favour of deploying nuclear weapons. Holding talks in the full glare of media excitement and overblown expectations helps make both governments hostage to domestic constituencies.

The Oslo track has three stages.
The first involves discussions among private indi-

any position in government. This enables both states to deny any knowledge of the individuals concerned must nevertheless have the complete trust of their governments in communicating official positions without distortion and maintaining total confidentiality. They

Second, once both governments have established trust in each other's good faith in negotiations through months of such diplomacy, the senior officials can get involved alongside the private individuals. At this stage, Kashmiri representatives should come into the process.

must be prepared to devote

months to the task.

Finally, once officials in consultations with home governments have identified the difficult choices that need to be made in the peace agreement package, the two prime ministers can become involved directly in making the tough decisions on the balance of advantages in trading one conces-

sion for another. This is, of course, an elite model for settling conflicts. There is a common tendency to demonise elites and romanticise "ordinary people." However, the negotiating room for democratic governments is circumscribed by popular passions. The initial explorations for peace between Pakistan and India must therefore occur in the form of secret

Another feature of the Oslo track that might apply to a Pakistan-India dialogue speed. The negotiations should not take more than a year to reach agreement on the main components of a deal, even though finalising and implementing the package would likely take lon-

The leaders of both countries will then have to use their power and prestige to behind the necessary mutual compromises in any sach settlement. They would need to mount a skillfull public relations campaign. Otherwise the accord will fall victim to charges of having sold out the national interest.

If Pakistan and India are ever to gain international standards of good life for their people, they must find a solution to Kashmir in-stead of holding their national security hostage for the sake of the mountain territory. A resolution of that problem followed by greater attention to economic and social development would bring both countries greater and more genuine respect in the world com-

Once the dispute is re-solved, Pakistan and India could turn from tension and hostility to a new chapter of cooperation and good neighbourly relations. No other nation is as important to Pakistan as India, and vice versa. Their destinies are tied for better or worse. It will require political choices based on courage, conviction and vision to make sure it is better, not

Mr. Rashid is a iournalist based in Lahore. Mr. Thakur, who was born in India, is head of the Peace Re-search Centre at the Australian National University in Canberra. They contributed above comment to the International Herald

## Who's right and who's wrong? Depends on whose bus you're on with Yugoslavia

of Croat-Serb fighting has revived the propaganda war that last raged in 1991

PLASKI, Croatia (AP) -The trip is similar to one run by Serbs four years ago, but the message is different. Pointing out land retaken by the Croatian army, the guide says: "Pay attention please. It did not destroy anything in the process." Up the road, she prom-

ises reporters on a government-sponsored tour that they will see a village, Saborsko, razed by rebel Serbs in 1991 after Croats fled it.

Never mind that much of that Croat-held village was actually destroyed back then in shelling to oust its defenders. On this bus tour, the Croats are saints, the Serbs villains.

The return of Serb-Croat

fighting to the region has revived the propaganda war that last raged here in 1991, when rebel Serbs, helped by the Serb-led Yugoslav army, took a third of

But with the government army routing the Serbs in a three-day offensive earlier last week, most of southern Croatia is free of the rebels for the first time in four years. No wonder the message on the Croatian bus differs from that four years ago, when jour-nalists were packed onto Yugoslav army buses for the Serb side of the story.

Back then reporters and camera crews bused into southern Croatia from Banja Luka, the Bosnian Serb city serving as Yugoslav army headquarters for the Croatian campaign, were

The renewal powered by the Yugoslav-backed Serb army in that only houses said to have been destroyed by Croat fighters. Rebel Serb women and children encountered

along the way predictably sang the praises of the Yugoslav force defending them.
Then as now, independent reports of shelling of innocent civilians and other atrocities were denied, and permits to travel alone re-

Four years later, the Croatian government likewise designed a tour that portrays it most favourably. The bus moves past Plaski's Serbian Orthodox church. which the guide says had been left standing by Croatian troops only to be left in

disrepair by the Serbs. "Judging from appearances, it would appear the Serbs never used it," she sniffs, and the implication is clear - unlike Croats, God-fearing Catholics, the enemy never went to church

The bus picks up speed leaving Plaski as the road improves, blurring the sight of houses burned to their foundations and still smoking. They appear to have been deliberately torched, days after the end of any fighting and the Serb exodus from the region.

Saborsko is levelled, and some of the destruction was clearly wrought after the fighting ended four years fighting ended four years ago. The guide repeats her message for those who haven't grasped it: "You can see that everything here was destroyed, in comparison to the Serb villages," which are generally intact."
On the way back the bus

stops at Slunj, 80 kilometres southwest of Zagreb. The bus empties as the reporters stretch their legs. Some government troops, unshaven reserves moved in after elite soldiers have left, swig bottles of brandy and home-brewed Rakija, thrusting them at some of the visitors.

An army captain moves up to a particularly wild group singing on the street corner. Putting a fatherly arm around a burly troopexposed to scenes meant to er's shoulder he says softly: in good light.

Though the 'fledgling Croat army was out
Though the 'fledgling show the world that we're not the barbarians." Easy does it my friend.

Journalist Daph the end of June Castro and sev members of the Palace of the Re and Havana's corralled Donald Richard Gooding Fox Television.

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By Michael Geor

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e visitors. ing on the street utting a fatheth ed a burly troop er he says softly s it my friend. world that we're

The revolution that has lost its glamour Journalist Daphne Barak spent two weeks in Cuba at the end of June, interviewing everyone from Fidel Castro and several of his potential successors members of the youthful "Blazer Generation" at the Palace of the Revolution - to Cuba's "First Lady" and Havana's new ladies of the night. She also corralled Donald Nixon, friend to arrested fugitive Robert Vesco, and notrolous Black Panther fugitive. Joanne Chesimard. Ms. Barak's report was written in conjunction with veteran New York newsman Richard Gooding, who is daily news deputy editor at Fox Television.

By Daphne Barak and Richard Gooding

Just before I left for Cuba, on a too-long flight by way of Mexico City and Cancun, prominent New York businessman, whose vast holdings happen to include gambling casinos, pulled me aside. "When you see Fidel," he whispered con-spiratorily, "tell him I'd ove to open a casino in Havana — the minute we're allowed in."

No one in Cuba, of course, needs me to pass the message that the American business world is waiting on the beachhead. ready for the signal, any signal, to land. According to Roberto Talarid, Cuba's deputy minister of foreign investment and cooperation, some 200 American businessmen came here in the past year and, incognito, expressed interest in investing in Cuba. He avasn't naming names, but there was no reason to doubt

Right now, the United States is virtually the only country missing the boat hauling dollars into Cuba. not refugees out. Latin American nations, no lon-ger threatened by Cuba as an ideological force, as when it was propped up by Soviet money and oil, are looking out for their own economic well-being and scrambling to build up their trade with Cuba. Mexico, which earned Castro's undying affection by never joining the U.S. embargo. is currently pursuing invest-ments here worth \$2 billion. making it the island's largest foreign investor. Cuba's trade debt with Argentina has ballooned to \$1.3 billion. And Brazil has signed the most recent bigmoney deal, to take over cigarettes production in a country whose residents consume 12 billion

digarettes a year — a country unlikely to ever pass an American-style "no smoking" law. But even these investments are not nearly enough to turn the tide for Cuba's drowing economy. In the summer swelter and smoky haze of Havana's cafes, the talk is all of dollars. In Cuba, the U.S. dollar is almighty. Both ordinary Cubans and the most senior government officials talk of the dollar and of "openness" — and it comes as across as rank begging in this country of machismo. The hunger here - real physical hunger

among the people, hunger for foreign investment among the officials — is pervasive. It has led to the much-publicised (in the U.S.) return of prostitutes to even the prestigious Fifth Avenues area of Начала, with its stately embassies and manicured gardens. It shows up in the jobs most sought after here — taxi drivers, chauffeurs, translators, waiters; anything that puts you in contact with tourists and their wallets. It surfaces every time you pick up the phone for a local call: The person at the other end says "momenito," puts you on hold for maybe 45 minutes, and you

you take a government offical to lunch. Just sit across from a man who earns \$3 a month - paid in pesos, not dollars - and watch him order six or seven courses, each one the most expensive on the menu (lobster cocktail at \$30), washing it all down with the rarest wine from the cellar, and the point is made: In his case, he is not hungry for the food so much as for the cash (credit cards are useless baggage here) you can fork over to Cuban hands. An ugly American capitalist can go broke talking to Cuban officials about foreign invest-

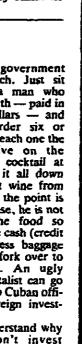
foreigners don't invest more in Cuba," Talarid tells me in his office, in a bullding threatening to collapse at any moment. The curtains are torn, the air conditioning drips even more humidity into the saturated air (it doesn't work at all in the rest of the building), and the elevator is stuck on the ground floor. For two repetitive hours, the deputy foreign minister went on, incredulous about "What's wrong?" Cuba, he insisted, "is one of the most stable countries in the world - really. You invest money today, and there is no military or financial downside that is predict-

One who did invest although apparently not in the traditional sense - was fugitive American financier and fraud artist Robert Vesco. For 15 years, he was an honoured citizen of Havana, a personal friend of Castro's, and suddenly on May 31 he was arrested at his mansion and thrown into the dreaded Santa Maria prison. It was major news in the States and around the world, but without access to CNN or any American United media not a word of it reached here; not one appeared in the Cuban national newspaper. In the American press, the story was spun on whether Castro was throwing a bone to President Clinton. Castro's spin was this: "He was a spy." I beg your pardon? "Yes. When he came to Cuba he had a very positive attitude towards the Revolution. But we finally found out that he had changed his ways. ...' Translation: Vesco was no

longer willing, or able, to line the pockets of his bosts. threat of Santa Maria and a diet of milk and sugar that keeps foreign investors off guard, if not at bay. It is what Cubans call the blockade - the punitive American trade embargo. With the recognition of Vietnam. only North Korea remains as shut off from Americans as Cuba. If the motive in opening the door to Vietnam was to get up to speed with the rest of the West's investments there, then Cubans are quick to point out that their market is far more accessible to American goods, far more poten-

"I don't understand why

Of course, it is not the tially lucrative. But not only does the trade ban con-



would penalise foreign firms that do business in both Cuba and the U.S. And hardline Cuban exile leader Jorge Mas Canosa in Miami has sent off tough letters to Latin American and European leaders, urging them to hold off investing in Cuba — at least while Castro remains in Is Washington simply

waiting for Castro to die? His passing would certainly make the lifting of the embargo politically easier. But a death in Havana may not come in good time for Washington; Castro may have had to give up his cigars, but he appears more than vigorous. More importantly, the embargo limits America's input on the succession process, clearly underway now. Both the New York Times and the Wall Street Journal, coming at it from different viewpoints, have urged an end to the ban and the application of the carrot, not the stick, to nudge Cuba to-

wards freedom. For their part, top Cuban officials argue that it is increasingly the U.S., not Cuba, that is isolated by the embargo. And they go out of their way to compliment Mr. Clinton. Castro is no exception. In one breath, he is downright generous, even gallant, towards Mr. Clinton; in the next, however, he worries that "it's not really healthy for Clinton that I give him too many compliments. It could hurt him in the next elections." Castro ever extends a nearly warm hand towards the Republicans, mentioning Bob Dole and Newt Gingrich in particular; the Republicans may be traditionally more antagonistic to Cuba, but no one here has forgotten that it was

Democrat, who first went to China. "It's not really my fault that I'm still alive," Castro says with a big smile. "It's not really my fault that they didn't manage to kill me." I ask without needing to: Who? "The CIA." But Castro, despite rumours of a throat ailment and a mysterious hospitalisation. is far healthier than his revolution. Even the concedes these days that he is now a "realist" about capi-

Richard Nixon, not a liberal

FIDEL CASTRO: "Not ready for his own future...but resigned to the non-revolutionary future (AFP photo) talism; he has qualms about some of the economic reforms his government has instituted, but not so many that he wouldn't sign off on them; he knows the inevitable end of the U.S. embargo will prove to be a massive headache for Cuba, but he's willing to "gamble" that all he's created won't be swept away in a tidal wave of corruption, a return to the wide-open

Havana of old. Carlos Fernandez Decosio, in charge of North American affairs in the foreign ministry and one of the most promising young leaders here tells me: "There is a new generation 'that is growing here that maybe does recognise the mistakes of the past." One of the few leade

who bucks that trend is

Cuba's de-facto first lady,

Wilma Aspin Castro, wife of Raoul Castro, the defence minister and a possible successor to his brother (despite persistent rumours of a fondness for drink). Immaculately dressed and made up, her hair in a conservative bun, this stillbeautiful woman grants a rare interview only after days of persistent requests. When I suggest that maybe Cuba bet on the wrong horse with the Soviet Union, she gets far more defensive than her male colleagues at the Palace of the Revolution. I tell her: Look how difficult it is for the Cuban people; it's very hard to be ideologically pure when you don't have relatives in Miami or Spain to send you dollars, when you don't have food in your stomach. She looks at me with amazement. "Who said that life should be casy? I don't understand what you're talking about. Do you think that living like you live in New York is easy?" At that, she recalled a visit to New York City when she was 24 (1965-'66) and on her way to study at Massachussetts Institute (MIT). "I went into the subway at night and I was shivering with fear. I was trembling. Here in Cuba you can go in the street without any fear." I tell her, yes, of course, with all these thousands of policemen. Wilma doesn't like

interview hookers on Havana's Fifth Avenue. She is full of fire now. "Once I got so angry about it that I took policemen and we actually stopped the pimps. (In English, she asked, "How do you say it, 'pimps?"") We stopped the pimps on this avenue and we put them in jail. And I was in charge of it, I was there with the policemen. But, you know, the girls, they're not really hookers. They're just girls who want clothes for themselves and food for their

The next day, we again stopped to chat with a "not really a hooker," as Wilma would have it. Before we were suddenly surrounded by eight police cars for conducting an unauthorised street interview — still a no-no here --- this young lady was just as adamant as her first lady. "It's very nice of Mrs. Castro, all dressed in Christian Dior, to tell me what to do. And it's nice of her that she can talk. But I have to make a living and

feed my baby, and I don't have a Christian Dior suit. Castro does not have his own first lady, and while he concedes he has fathered a number of children (but "not as many as people want to think"), none of them are in the line of succession. It is one of Castro's "adopted" sons, Robert Robiena, who most definitely is. Robiena, 39, is short (Castro calls him "Robert Tico"). As foreign minister, he is the most powerful man in Cuba after Fidel and Raoul, When I phoned the ministry, I was told Roblena was out of town. But hours later I found myself standing next to the out-of-town guy at a garden party at the Canadian Embassy (Canada is Cuba's closest ally now; Fidel regularly appears at celebrations of the Canadian and Mexican national holidays, no others; and he has even taken to dropping by the embassy, univited, for coffee with the Canadian ambassador). The next day, Robiena and I met in his office, which is oddly teeming with peacocks and parrots. Fidel's "wonder boy" arrives on his bicycle (a health-food fanatic, he says he rides four kilometres a day and walks

another four), very aware

important artefacts includ-

of his charm and glistening with sweat. Tweaking his reputation for never wearing socks or a tie, he presents himself to the world this day in a jumpsuit and a black shirt — with a white tie painted onto it. Still no socks, just sandals. "The revolution was good in its time," Robiena

says, tellingly using the past tense. "Now there are new times. It's not really a question of gambling on the wrong horse, but a question of change. The world is changing and we have to change. We did make a few mistakes; maybe we were wrong. But who doesn't make mistakes?" When I ask Robiena about making approaches to Mr. Clinton, the parrot gets hysterical. making so much racket I can't concentrate. "That's how he responds to Bill Clinton. And if you ask him about the blockade, he says, 'No. No. No. 'We tried it, and it was true.

I ask Robiena pointblank: Will you be Fidel's successor? His reply is suitable humble but revealing: 'You journalists are sobusy on the next name, the next name. But who says we're talking about one name; maybe Fidel succeeded in building a collective leadership that will take care of the country." Asked about Fidel's affectionate nickname for him. Robiena blushes momentarily, and then returns to the subject. "Yes, they do mention my name. But why only me? There is Raoul, there are others. I have so many goals as foreign minister. ..." Some have already been achieved, he says: He has recruited a much younger cadre of officials at the foreign ministry, and everyone he hired

speaks English. This has been a summer full of approaches to Mr. Clinton and Washington from shimmering island. While I was there, it was later revealed, Cuban exile leader Eloy Gutiérrez Menoyo was also in the country, on a secret 10-day visit that included an audience with Castro. Gutiérrez said he had asked Castro to allow his Miami-based Cambino Cubano into Cuba as an opposition political party. Castro's reply

not a simple "Si"), but U.S. State Department officials put out word they viewed the meeting as a positive signal. Then there was Vesco's arrest, and in meetings with senior officials there were hints that another of the 70 or so American fugitives here, Joanne Chesimard, the Black Panther convicted of the 1973 killing of a New Jersey state troop-

er, might also be in jeopardy, a pawn to the spirit of cooperation. (I tracked down Chesimard, living in Havana as Assata Shakur and writing a second book. Wearing a brightly-coloured dress, she looked healthy and much younger than her 48 years. We sat in the Floridita restaurant, the old Havana haunt made famous by Ernest Heming way, and as violins played behind us she started crying about how she "misses

America and New York City. But, she insisted. "the Cubans know I never killed anvone. I feel very secure here." Then she naused and added: "I don't know what say... I hope Fidel is not going to trade me. I know people are linking me with Vesco, but we have nothing in common. I don't think very highly of what he did. For their part, Robiena and other senior officials. and even Castro himself, wanted no part of questions about Chesimard, silence that seemed to speak for itself). The Cuban Revolution

has not lost its occassional bite here. I met a German tourist who for want of the proper visa ended up in jail, stripped of his clothes, humiliated, and only allowed out of the country after his ambassador interceded. Even then, he was forced to sign a statement of guilt and to pay \$110 for 'room and breakfast'' — a cell, and milk and sugar. Members of my TV film crew were so edgy about secret police that when a maid in their botel walked in on them after midnight to offer a Leona Heimsleystyle courtesy of a bedtime mint, they imagined the worst and blocked her entry. And Donald Nixon, the nephew of Richard who was staying with Vesco when the soldiers stormed in, was still terrorised when I

caught up to him at the Cancun airport. "The mansion was surrounded by soldiers in green uniforms," he recalled. "Vesco told me, Go up to your room, something looks very uneasy." Suddenly, a colonel knocked on my door and said, You have to come down right now.' I went down and managed to see Vesco, the strongest guy in Cuba, held by the soldiers outside. He couldn't even say good-bye." Nixon couldn't contain his relief, exclaiming over and over how lucky he was to have gotten out

(A few weeks after my return, the New York Times carried news of the latest warming sign: Negotiations to exempt American news organisation from the embargo and to allow them to set up bureaus in Cuba for the first time since 1969).

Ordinary Cubans still won't hazard anything but servile flattery of Castro to strangers. But, like Robiena, they have taken to speaking of the Revolution in the past tense. When Castro is gone, what will be "Believe me," says Cas-

tro, "the life of Cuba is not going to stop for one second, even a bit of a second." I look at him and take a deep breath. Maybe it's time for a new revolution, I suggest. Castro is touching his beard and looking at me intently, to the point of embarrass-ment. "No, a real revolution, with significance to it and idealogy, should happen maybe every 300 years." Maybe it's time you should rest, I say, with much sympathy as I can muster. "The CIA would probably agree with that,' he replies. "Maybe also the Mossad." Finally, I have to ask: Who will take over when you're gone? "This is a question you should ask the CIA," he says, again resorting to his favourite bogeyman. "They spend so much time on how "I'm going to end up..." Fidel looks more bemused than disturbed by the prospect: it's clear he's thought about it a lot, analysed it from every angle. Not ready for his own funeral, he's resigned to the non. revolutionary future.

## Late stone age desert site found by birdwatcher

By Michael Georgy Reuter

get a bill for \$25. And it all

comes together whenever

ABU DHABI -Thousands of foreigners land at Abu Dhabi's airport every day, lured by a city of petrodollars, gleaming skyscrapers and shiny luxury

But as archaeologists recently learned, the search for riches began in the airport's desert perimeter long before Abu Dhabi's oil boom triggered an explosion in human and freight

traffic in the mid-1970s. .. This has been a stopping-off point for 7,000 years. What an irony that

the airport is located here," said British archaeologist Jakub Czastika, standing in the sand beside excavated remains dating back thousands of years.

tinue, a bill in Congress

The site would probably have been destroyed by bulldozers had it not been for a birdwatcher who accidentally stumbled on a scattering of fine late stone age flint tools, dating from about 5000 to 4500 B.C., and prehistoric pottery.

The findings, uncovered in January, provided the first tangible evidence linking early inhabitants to the fishing communities along the islands of Abu Dhabi and illustrated lifestyle patterns along ancient trade routes.

"We have always sus-pected it, but the site is the first proof that people have been using the same trade routes in this area for thousands of years," said Mr. Czastika.

"And now we know for' sure that inland inhabitants travelled this way. From the stone age point of view this is a major find."

Archaeologists have discovered late stone age sites on the islands of Merawah, Ghaghah and 'Al Fzaiyyah, but uncovering the airport artefacts marked the first time one was confirmed on the Abu Dhabi coastline.

The excavation is being done by the Abu Dhabi Islands Archaeological Survey Project, a London and Abu Dhabi-based organisation with specialists from Britain, Germany, Italy and

that, either. She certainly

doesn't like to hear that I

the Czech Republic. Eager for further clues, Mr. Czastika and a team of archaeologists have divided the area into five-metre squares surrounded by

Volunteers picked up 10,000 pieces of late stone age flint and 10,000 shards of prehistoric and late Islamic pottery and beads from the grids and arranged them for analysis.

They turned up several

ing fine red potsherds dating from between 2700 and 2200 B.C., apparently showing that the early inhabitants imported and exported their goods along extensive trade routes.

"We divided up the whole area and then we went back and sieved it. The materials shed light on a crossroads of peoples and trade routes," said Mr. Czastika.

"Our preliminary findings suggest the site was a transit point in the copper trade from the inland all the way to Mesopotamia (mod-

em Iraq). "The area was an impor-

tant crossroads. Traders here acted as middlemen. importing goods from Asia and sending them to places such as north Africa."

was unknown (surely, it was

But some of the trade was simpler.

Caravans from al Ain carried items such as dates, firewood, goat wool and camel hair on a one-week journey by camel through about 200 kms of punishing desert to Abu Dhabi.

They exchanged their goods for local dried fish and an assortment of prized items including wood and pottery from Persia and Mesopotamian jewelry.

Mr. Czastika and his team now know that the ancient traders often stopped near the airport site on their way to the coast, some five kms away, to load up on the most precious commodity — water.

That became evident when excavators began removing layers of sand from what turned out to be wells from the late Islamic period.

"We believe these wells have been rebuilt over thousands of years," said Mr. Czastika as an archaeologist measured the stones of one of the wells, a

circular structure 3.5 metres

The precise age of the wells is unknown because no tools or cooking utensils were found in them. Archaeologists suspect there were ancient settlements nearby, but the mystery may never be unravel-

"The evidence has been lost," said Mr. Czastika, looking at three bulldozers in the distance being used in an airport expansion project.

"The evidence of the settlements has probably been buried under landfill operations," he said.

## High-level Iraqi defection sparks oil market bearishness

LONDON (R) — Oil prices lost ground Monday amid concerns that the defection of Iraq's military mastermind might help speed the return to world markets of Iraqi crude oil for the first time since it was banned more than five years ago.

"News from Iraq will tend to be bearish because the recent status quo is that sanctions will stay," said an oil trader in London. "Any news which puts that status quo in doubt, raising the possibility of full Iraqi cooperation with the U.N. or even of Saddam being overthrown, will hit the

But analysts said it was not yet clear exactly what impact the defection to Jordan of the head of Iraq's military industrialisation programme might have for the timing of the end of the United Nations oil embargo imposed after Iraq's 1990 invasion of Kuwait.

London September futures for world benchmark North Sea Brent blend slipped 20 cents to \$16.05 a barrel after Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz announced that Iraq would reveal military secrets it had been keeping from the U.N. commission overseeing elimination of Baghdad's military program-

Under Gulf war ceasefire terms the ban on Iraqi oil exports can only be lifted when Baghdad meets U.N. weapons demands.

The Aziz announcement appeared to be a pre-emptive move following the defection of Lieutenant-General Hussein Kamel Hassan, a son-inlaw of Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

Mr. Hussein Kamel Saturday called for the overthrow of the Iraqi leader. As holder of Iraq's military secrets he was central to negotiations with the United Nations. But Western diplomats in the region are not yet prepared to predict the demise of the Iraqi president.

Kleinwort Benson oil analyst Mehdi Varzi said there were two ways of looking at the latest Iraqi de-

"În one sense the defections have played into the

**Jordan Times** Tel: 667171

use them as a means of prolonging sanctions," said Mr. Varzi. "America could even go further now and say openly what is said in the background: That this proves Saddam Hussein cannot be trusted and sanctions must

On the other hand, Mr. Hussein Kamel's defection may press President Saddam into revealing the military secrets the U.N. insists on.

remain until he's removed."

"The defections might lead to a fuller revelation of Iraq's military past and might be sufficient in the next few months to persuade the Russians and the French to advance a motion calling for the lifting of sanctions," Mr. Varzi said.

Renewed Iraqi oil exports would have to compete in a well-supplied market where fast-growing volumes from producers outside of OPEC are easily matching extra world demand.

'Quite frankly the oil market has so much potential supply on the horizon that I don't think Iraqi oil is needed until at the earliest 1997 if not later...if it were to come earlier it would cause an almighty crisis," said Mr. Varzi.



Tokyo money brokers haggle over bids during Monday afternoon dollar trade in Tokyo. The dollar rose to a five-month high of 94.45 yen in morning trade, with Tokyo dealers saying they are sceptical whether the dollar can soon

ge to climb into the 95 to 100 yen territory that the Japanese monetary authorities may be aiming for to help the economy recover (Reuters photo)

# Kuwaiti government faces battle with parliament over debt

KUWAIT CITY (AFP) -The Kuwaiti government is lobbying hard to win a vote in parliament Tuesday that would ease repayment terms for billions of dollars owed to the state mainly by wealthy Kuwaitis, members of parlia-

The government needs 31 votes in the 60-seat parliament to win passage of the bill which would extend the repayment period for 5.9 billion dinars (\$17.7 billion) in

It has asked all 16 cabinet ministers who are also members of parliament, as well as those who were sick or on vacation, to attend the full session on Tuesday, the parliamentarians told AFP.

The bill has drawn strong criticism from MPs and economists who say it favours the rich and hurts the treas-

The debt derives from the 1982 crash of an unofficial stock exchange and was aggravated by Iraq's 1990-1991 invasion of Kuwait. The government in 1992 bought out the commercial banks' holdings of the dubious

The list of debtors was never made public, but diplomats said they were not only from the country's big merchant families but also from the Sabah royal family.

"The government will be in difficulty if it persists in its plan to ease or reschedule debts favouring the richest people at the expense of the treasury," parliament's eco-nomic committee advisor Jassem Al Saadoun said.

MPs close to the government will be in "an uncomfortable position if they back bill which the public rejects," he said.

Parliament's finance and economy committee Saturday rejected for a second time provisions on extending the repayment period. It said the bill "should be applied as it was adopted (in 1993) in order not to hurt public prop-

Under a 1993 law, the debtors had the choice of a cash-settlement option with a 45 per cent write-off to be made over two years starting Sept. 6.

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The government's bill, which came in response of the debtors' plea for better terms as the Sept. 6 deadline drew nearer, stretches the cash settlement option to five

## China finance minister warns of dangerous rise in state spending

BEUING (AFP) — China's state expenditure rose by an unacceptable level in the first half of 1995, Finance Minister Liu Zhougli said Monday, warning of a "severe" burden-on central government finances.

The warning came after statistics published Monday showed national expenditurer in the first six months had soared 27.4 per cent compared with the same period last year, far exceeding the budgeted 9.3 per cent rise.
"The trend of fiscal ex-

oenditures far overshooting state budgets must be curbed in order to make sure that the budgetary goals for 1995 will not be missed," Mr. Liu was quoted as saying by the Xinhua news agency. The expenditure grew even faster than at the national level. recording an increase of more half of 1994.

The spending surge has placed an extra burden on central finances, which are yuan (\$8 billion).

already struggling to provide inflation-beating subsidies on bank deposits and treasury bonds.

The central financial situation is still severe," Mr. Liu said, adding that problems of lax tax collection, growing tax rebates and mounting commercial tax arrears required urgent resolution in the second half of

"Fiscal budgets must be fully observed and expenditure. must be brought under control." he said, stressing that no new off-budget spending would be sanctioned except for disaster relief.

Off-budget government expenditure is enormous, especially in terms of state bank loans to the loss-making state sector.

China has officially set this year's growth in fiscal exagainst revenue growth of 9.9 per cent, for a targetted budget deficit of 66.68 billion

· According to final accounts published in June, China posted a budget deficit of \$57.4 billion last year.

Meanwhile. Chinese economists have warned the government it must keep annual growth and inflation below 10 per cent to avoid overheating the economy and thus threatening the country's de-

The recommendation came from experts at the State Statistics Bureau in a report

on economic development during the current five year plan (1991-95), part of which was published in press reports Monday.

While highlighting the "remarkable" economic progress of the past five years and acknowledging government efforts to rein in inflation, the report said serious problems

Rising prices and falling agricultural production are the main concerns along with



"I'm sure these marriage-improvement tapes will help. When we're listening to them, we don't have to listen to each other!"

\$ 1995 Millio DEF By THEOCARDS WITH ASSESSED STREET, MC

crippling losses by state enterprises, and the widening wealth gap between regions and social classes...

Gross domestic product (GDP) has grown by an average 11.7 per cent between 1991 and 1995, according to the experts, who based their

one letter to each square, to for

four ordinary words.

JUTSO

AVVLE

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MAYBE FIVE

OR 51X MORE

LOADS..THEN

RAKE IT AROUND

YOU CAN

A BIT ..

calculations on an estimate for this year. .GDP grew 10.3 per cent in

the first six months of this year over the same period of 1994, the authorities have

announced. The press reports did not give the experts' inflation

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

ITINERANT WORKER WAS LOOKING FOR

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: KINKY ICILY DRAGON TORRID

What the knife sharpener co work — A DAILY GRIND

past five years. But the statistics bureau said last week that the year-on-year consumer inflation rise in July was 14.6 per cent. The government has set a

target of restricting inflation in 15 per cent this year, against-21.7 per cent in 1994.

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUES-DAY, AUGUST 15, 1995 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter. Foundation

ARIES: (March 21 to April-19) Try not to forego some lucrative new venture because you may have a secret worry this morning, and later today concentrate on con-

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Handle some responsibility early so that later today you can gain some cherished wish and go after it without

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Don't permit some unscrupulous partner to keep you from doing your tasks or you can get into trouble.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Some dull task should not be permitted to deter you from making better plans for later today for you

to be successful. LEO: (July 22 to August 21)
Forget that good time you have in mind today and concentrate on whatever is practical and later tonight improve your position in life. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Some home

task can be postponed for later today so that you can come to a better meeting of minds with fellow associates. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Some bother-

some missive could keep you from tasks which have to be completed and which have tobe completed and which could be lucrative, if you permit.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Put financial affairs aside and try to perfect your talents so that you can increase your income later today.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Try to be more helpful to your loved ones and place your own desires on the back burner today. Entertain at home this

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Forget that personal wish for this moning and handle business affairs which are pressing efficiently. Be careful in mo-

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Avoid that friend who is loquacious and could take up much of your favourable time today, or you could lose out.

PISCES: (February 20 to-March 20) Get busy and try to realise your personal aims and forego outside activities as much as you can today, as they are a distraction.

Birthstone of August: Peridot - Golden Quartz

#### **ACROSS** 1 Crow 6 Peruse 10 Govt. agent 14 Sir Galahad's suit

Yesterday's puzzle solved:

PRAMEEGRET REPOSSLAVE GLADIATOR SILENT DECADENT YATSOPH IMPELLERESEACOW MARLEVERENOLA ORIGESILAS DLIV VIOLALLISTS IVE ENRAGE CARIOCAS PETRILLONAIADS AVIANGLADIOLUS ELEESILT RAID

35 Deserve 36 Med. sch, subj. 38 Neckwear 39 Murmur 41 Proofreading

51 The Furies 53 Allocates 55 Extended

59 Topic

BREAKFAST



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Mutt'n'Jeff

**Andy Capp** 

W.

Peanuts



THE Daily Crossword by Harvey Chew

15 Whirlpool 16 A Kennedy 17 Imperil 19 Poker term

20 Invite 21 Aurally handicapped 22 Best performance

24 Braided cordage 26 Native Indian soldier 27 Stroller 30 Cuban leader 32 Asian mountain

range 33 Distinctive class 34 Meadow 37 Substitute for 40 — knot

42 Luau dish 43 Certain grain 45 Hebrew priest 46 WA city 48 Natural ability 50 Bell town

52 Figure of speech 54 Make wider 56 Dickens girl 57 Out of each hundred: abbr.

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65 Dies — 66 Take it easy 67 Appear

68 Low islets 69 Use **DOWN** 

1 — California 2 Mine extracts 3 In a frenzy 4 Bribe 5 Merchant

6 V-shaped fortification 7 Building 8 Tool with a curved blade

44 Deny 47 Garland 49 Charm

9 Colorist

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According to -- "

27 "The World

31 Theater sign

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48 Flooring piece 50 John or Abigail

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A review of economic news from the Arabic press

**Jusiness** 

#### Investment **Promotion** Law benefits 107 projects capitalised at JD270m

**☆☆ NEW PROJECTS** 

which benefitted from the Investment Promotion Law from the beginning of this year until Aug. 2, 1995, carry a total capital of JD 270.3 million spread over 107 projects. Seventy projects, capitalised at JD 242.9 million, were classified as "certified econmic" projects while the other 37 projects, capitalised at JD 27.4 million, were classified as only "economic." So h types of projects were backed by loans amounting to JD 92.03 million of which JD 83.9 million were for the certified economic projects. Short-term financing for the overall number of projects totalled JD 21.35 million of which the share for the certified economic projects was JD 20.23 million. Foreign financing amounted only to

the equivalent of JD 370,000. The statistics, announced by the general manager of the Investment Promotion Department, also show that the total value of fixed assets, exempted from customs, for all the projects was JD 127.6 million, JD 107.7 million of which were for certified eco-

nomic projects. According to the General Manager, Asem Hindawi, the 107 projects are expected to provide 7,281 employment opportunities and to have a production volume worth JD 237 million of which the share of certified economic projects would be ID 196.3 million. Exports from these projects are expected to total JD 113.6 million, JD 99.5 million of which would be

from certified economic pro-

Mr. Hindawi said these projects would require raw materials valued at JD 112.8 million, ID 73.1 million of which to be from local sources and JD 39.7 million from foreign markets. He noted that 88 of the investments were in development area A (Amman and Zarqa), 10 were in development area C (southern region) and nine in development area B (northern and other regions). A breakdown by the type of investment shows the follow-

A) Certified economic projects:
1) Five projects to produce

theraputical, medical and sanitary products with a total capitalisation at JD 28.6 mil-

2) Twelve chemical projects capitalised at JD 13.96 mil-

3) Twelve engineering projects, capitalised at JD 9.68 4) Twleve food industries capitalised at JD 10.92 mil-

5) Four paper and office supplies projects capitalised at

3D 7.7 million é) Three agricultural and enimal wealth projects capitalised at JD 1.6 million 7) Three textile projects capitalised at JD 1.2 million

8) Two packing and packag-ing projects capitalised at 3D 1.1 million y) Two construction projects capitalised at JD 800,000

10) One plastic and rubber project capitalised at 11) Eleven hotel projects

caiptalised at JD 42.7 million 12) One hospital project capitalised at JD 100,000 Bi Economic projects:

1) Twenty eight industrial projects capitalised at D 11.4 million 2) Nine hotels, universities

January 20) Form resonal wish for the party and handle bus and hospitals capitalised at JD 6.7 million. Mr. Hindawi said there

cras a hotel of 301 established projects which have benefitted from the investment Promotion Law. The value of fixed assets, exempted from ild take up much of customs, of all these projects ourable time today, di gras JD 113.8 million.

. He pointed out that the Investment Promotion Department has completed realise your personal forego outside are much as you can lot in the control of th feasibility studies on large number of projects in cooperation with major consultan-

cy firms. (Al Dustour).

## **Analysts: British** banks face uphill task to boost profits

LONDON (AFP) — Britain's four largest clearing banks must cut costs or expand to improve performance in this fiercely competitive market, since lower bad debt provisions will no longer boost their results, according

to analysts bere. Midland Bank's results on Monday brought the com-bined half-year profit of the "big four" U.K. clearing banks, Barclays, NatWest, Midland and Lloyds, to a total of £3.259 billion (\$5.14 billion), 15 per cent up on the first six months last year.

Barclays performed the best in the pack, posting pro-fits up 8.7 per cent to £1,125 billion, but still less impressive than last year's interim results when it tripled profits.
National Westminster Bank (NatWest), now the

number one terms of assets.

increased profits by 14 per cent to £872 million. Lloyds, raised profits by 21 pere cent to £735 million and Midland, owned by HSBC Holdings, lifted profits by 19 per cent to £527 million.

"One can question to what extent these results are proof of a real improvement in performance," one analyst

"Up to now, the banks have benefited from the recovery of the British economy, which has allowed them to lower their bad debt provisions, with the number of banking stasff down by 100,000 over the past five

But this situation cannot last, and the clearing banks will have to find other ways of boosting results now, analysts believe.

Lloyds situation cannot last, and the clearing banks will have to fund other ways of boosting results now,

analysts believe.

Lloyds surprised the market by announcing a general provision of £120 million "as a measure of prudence at this stage of the economic cycle," in the words of the bank's chief executive, Sir Brian Pit-

This pushed up total provisions for bad and doubtful debts to £261 million from £102 million in the first half of 1994. And Midland increased

provisions by 26 per cent to £68 billion from £54 million. To boost profits, the banks will have to follow two new paths, according to experts; A reduction in costs and strategy of acquisition accompanied by improved manage-

Operating costs at Barelays, for example, rose by nearly 65 per cent in the first half of the year, the analyst pointed out. "There is room for savings there."

The banks should also specialise the specific areas, like Lloyds, which has focuse don banking and insurance in Britain, or launch into new activities with high growth potential, analysts advise.

Financial Markets



Carretty	New York Close 11-4 11/4/95	Tokyo C&04E ther 14/8/95
Sterling found"	1.5715	1.5751**
Deutsche Mark	1,4347	1,4585
Swigs Franc	1.1945	1.1951**
French Franc	4.9500	\$.9510°°
Јармосте Уся	93.90	93.70
Enropesa Current Unit	1.3010	1.3058**

Allectromety Interest Reter		Date: 14/8/1995			
Currency	1 MTH	3 MTTIS	6 MTHS	12 MTH	
U.S. Dellar	5.68	5.68	5.25	5.75	
Sterling Pound	6.50	6.62	6.75	6.93	
Deutsche Mark	4.18	4.18	4.18	4.29	
Swim franc	2.62	2.62	2.68	2.78	
French Franc	6.00	5.27	5,10	5.75	
Japanese Yea	0.62	0.62	0.56	0.62	
European Currency Unit	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	

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	Dat	en 14/8/3995
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U.S. Dellar	0.7060	0.7080
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Deciacie: Mark	0.4899	0.4923
Swiss Franc	a.5885	0.5914
Francis Franc	0.1422	0.1429
Japanese Yen*	0.7522	0.7560
Dutch Guider .	0.4575	0.4397
Swedich Kronz	405017	*****
lielien Lira <sup>n</sup>	9.0440	0.0442
Belgian Franc	*****	*****

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Kowalti Dinar	2.5000	2.3450
Quiari Riyal .	0.1927	9.1939
Egypties Pound	0.1900	0.2160
Omand Riyat	1,8250	1.8340
UAE Dirken	0.1916	4.1926
Greek Druchess*	0.2750	0.3110
Cyprict Pound	4.5075	1.5775

#### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Monday.

One U.S. dollar 1.3600/10 1.4348/58 1.6072/82 1.1936/46 29.49/53 4.9385/35 1600.2/1.2 93.35/45 7.1560/60

Canadian dollar **Deutschemarks** Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns

1.5766/76 U.S. dollar One Sterling One ounce of gold\$383.40/383.90

6.3100/50

5.5610/60

Danish crowns

## UAE industrial bank under fire over losses

United Arab Emirates (UAE) bank created by the federal government to finance non-oil industrial projects has come under fire over poor performance and malpractices by its manage-

The Emirates industrial Bank (EIB), the UAE's only bank to specialise in funding industry, has failed to develop its operations, leading to the erosion of its profits over the past few years, the State Audit office said.

From 18.3 million dirhams (\$4.98 million) in 1991, EIB's net profit declined to 15.5

million dirhams (\$4.22 million) in 1992 and around 8.6 million dirhams (\$2.34 million) in 1993, it said in its annual report.

"As a result, the profits could no longer cover the usual five per cent dividend for shareholders," the report said. "Excluding returns from deposits and the investment portfolio, the bank suffered from a loss of 3.3 million dirhams (\$899,000) in

EIB was set up 10 years ago with a capital of 150 million dirhams (\$40.8 million) to finance non-oil in-

U.S. airlines soar back into profit

WASHINGTON (AFP) -U.S. airlines are soaring back into profit after years in the doldrums, but companies fear higher fuel prices, due later this year, could undermine recovery.

U.S. carriers, which lost some \$13 billion since 1990, are expected to turn a \$1 billion profit this year, according to Christopher Chiames of the Air Transport Association of America, an industry group.

"It's been a painful process to bring the industry back to equilibrium," he said, pointing to the laying off some 120,000 employees and other cost-cutting measures, including reducing the number of aircraft.

But the industry now fears the government will take advantage of this return to profitability to impose a fuel tax which would cost companies an extra \$530 million a year, said Mr. Chiames, whose association represents 20 major airlines accounting for 95 per cent of passenger

The fuel tax came into being in 1993, but airlines were granted a two-year exemption because of their financial difficulties. It is now slated to apply to airlines as of October

"Although industry operating profits were up last year, and better results are expected this year, much of the improvement is due to lower fuel prices, which are neas a 10 vear low." according to a Moody's Investors

report.
"In 1994, lower fuel prices made up over half of the industry's operating profits," the report said.

Last year, the top 10 airline companies in the United States spent \$8.1 billion on fuel — 12 per cent of their operating costs - and the extra tax could cost them up to one per cent of revenues at a time when profit margins

hover between five and six per cent, the report said. With airfares already on the way up, it seems unlikely that airlines could pass on the extra fuel bill to passengers without losing customers,

analysts said. Meanwhile, trade unions, after years of belt-tightening, were also hoping for better deals for their members.

Late last month, USAir, which is partly owned by British Airways, was forced to abandon efforts to win \$2.5 billion worth of voluntary concessions from unions after reporting quarterly profits of \$112 million.

But "airlines are still pushing for productivity gains" and seeking to win pay cuts from employees in re-turn for stock, said Gill Gallagher of the Association of Flight Attendants, which represents 36,000 cabin crew from 26 airlines.

Most airlines agree that yields - the ratio of passengers compared to the number of seats on planes - were getting better. "The Asian market is com-

ing back" and the Latin American market is "excellent", said Tony Molinaro, a

"The trans-Atlantic market is still a little shaky," but "overall yields are going up" and "fare wars are very limited" in scope, he said.

dustrial ventures as part of a UAE campaign to diversify the economy and lessen reliance on volatile oil income.

The bank, owned 60 per cent by the government and the rest by the local private sector, also carries out feasibility studies for industrial projects and provides technical advice and assistance.

The audit office, the watchdog of UAE government financial activities, said EIB continued to concentrate its investment in bank deposits, which stood at around 496 million dirhams (\$135.1 million) at the end of 1993.

"EIB's activities have remained unchanged as they are still confined to extending loans and economic advice to clients. It has failed to develop and upgrade operations or deversify its investment," it said. "The bank also lacks" adequate auditing of its per-

formance or plans that determine priorities in financing

the industrial sector. The report said the management earmarked 400,000 dirhams (\$109,000) as bonuses for its members from the 1993 budget. "The sum was included in the 1993 expenses because the profits were not enough to allocate bonuses. The management is called on to return that sum to the net profits.

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ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY	1225	2336 6442		
LIVESTOCK & POULTRY	4250			
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eational industries	7347	7346		
INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	450	986		1.000
TORDAN CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	100	425		
MIVERBAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	2400	8568		
TORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO	250	145		
ORDAN SULPRO-CHEMICALS	900	1434		
RAB CENTER FOR PRARM. & CHEMICALS	1000	2200		
NIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES	1287	4231		
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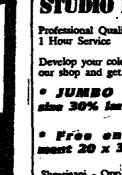
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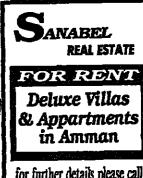








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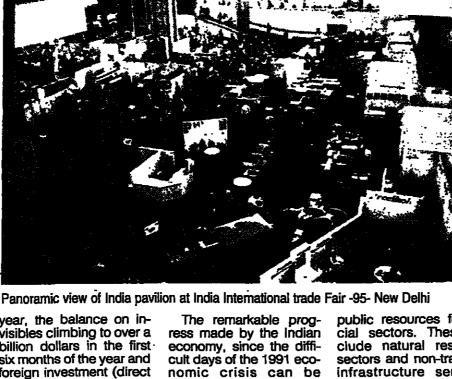




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According to the Econo- The current year has seen mic Survey, the year an acceleration of growth 1994-95 saw the fastest growth of Indian economy strong, broad-based in-in the last four years. After dustrial growth of around the crisis-induced low growth of 0.9 per cent in by a robust agricultural 1991-92, the economy had already responded smartly to wide-ranging reform measures to record growth of 4.3 per cent in each of the years

to 5.3 per cent led by 8 per cent and supported performance. The performance of the external sector continued to be strong with exports growing by more than 17 per cent in dollar terms in the 1992-93 and 1993-94. first ten months of the

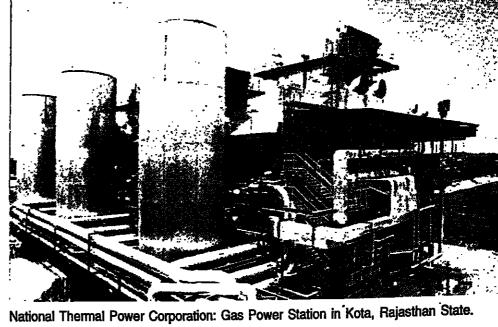


year, the balance on inbillion dollars in the first six months of the year and foreign investment (direct plus portfolio) of \$3.9 billion in April-December, 1994. Despite a surge in non-oil imports reflecting the strong industrial re-covery, the current account deficit in the balance of payments is unlikely to exceed half a per cent of GDP in 1994-95 and foreign currency reserves have risen by over \$4.5 billion since the beginning of the financial year as of February 13, 1995.

public resources for social sectors. These include natural resource sectors and non-tradable infrastructure services gauged by the fact that industrial production, such as electricity, inter-nal transport and telewhich virtually stagnated in 1991-92, is expected to communications. Among grow by 8 per cent in 1994-95, foodgrains pro-

duction had declined to 168 million tonnes in 1991-92, it is expected to attain a record high of 185 million tonnes in 1994-95. From a level of hardly one billion dollars in June 1991, foreign currency reserves had climbed to over \$19.5 billion in mid-February 1995.

In India, private investment appears to have responded much more positively to reform policies. A number of measures have been announced to facilitate private entry into areas of infrastructure which were formerly the preserve of the public sector, with a view to freeing scarce



important developments. are, 13 minerals were dereserved for exploitation by private sector, in powsector, for generation of 58745 megawatts of power, private air taxi operation with nine such

operators granted "scheduled airline" status etc. The economic survey makes out a strong case for lifting quantitative curbs on consumer goods imports and further

tailoring the foreign in-

vestment policy to attract from abroad the "wave of labour-intensive consumer goods producers which generated high growth of exports and employment in south-east Asia and China.

## India: A friend and partner

By Sayel Khataybeh

INDIA AND Jordan today enjoy extremely cordial and friendly relations based on the principles of the Non-Aligned Movement and the United Nations charter. Apart from being the lands of ancient civilisations, both India and Jordan stepped as sovereign, independent states in world politics almost simultaneously, Jordan in 1946, and India in 1947. India is the biggest market for phosphates and potash after the Gulf war, when India became number one in its trade exchange with Jordan.
From 1990 to 1995 India's total imports from

Jordan reached \$758 million. Trade exchange was always been in favour of Jordan, which represents a

strong and dose trading partner with India.

On the cultural and educational level, India accommodates thousands of Jordanian students and every year Jordanian students go on scholarships to pursue higher education at Indian universities.

The Indian Technical and Economic Cooperation

Programme enrols 10 Jordanian students yearly for training and other programmes. Agreements have been signed between the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) and the Council of Scientific Society (CSIR),

Congratulations On the occasion of the Independence Day of India

Mohammad Said Kalash has the pleasure to extend his heartfelt congratulations and best wishes to the Indian President and people, wishing them and their leadership every success and progress. Mohammad Said Kalash Amman, Jordan

Miss World, Ms. Aishwarya Rai displaying Indian jewellery



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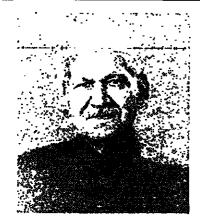
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represented by its General Manager: Mr. Issam Hijazi offer the Indian President, Government and people their best wishes and congratulations on

the Independence Day of India

wishing the president and people of India continued health and progress.

On the occasion of the Independence Day of India Indo-Jordan Scholars Club

conveys it hearty greeting to the government and the Indian people

On the occasion of the Independence Day of India

**Kawar Drug Store** 

conveys it hearty greeting to the government and the Indian people



Jordan Fertilizer Industry Coordination Committee



Jordan Phosphate Mines Company



Arab Potash Company

Wish the people of India a happy. Independence day affirming Jordanian friendship and hopes of continued progress and prosperity .

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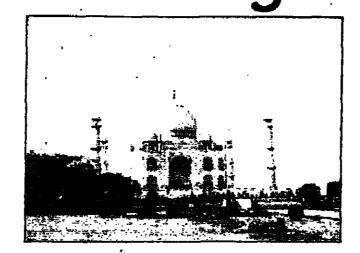
India at a glance India is a country with a great cultural and geographical diversity. The peninsula is caressed by the Indian Ocean in the south, and in the north, the loftiest mountains of the world, the Himalayas, stand

Ganges. India is a Sovereign Democratic Republic, and follows the Parliamentary System of Government. Administratively, it comprises 26 states and 6 centrally administered Union Territories. India is the seventh largest nation in the world with the second largest population. Hindi and English are widely spoken all over the country.

guard. At its heart are the fertile alluvial plains of the

#### **Major Cities**

City Local Language	Population (millions)	Temperature (max.)	(min.)
Bangaiore Kannada)	5.1	38°C	15°C
Bombay (Marathi)	12.0	33°C	16°C
Calcutta	10.9	36°C	18°C
(Bengell) Colmbatore (Tumil)	1.1	35℃	14°C
Delhi Hindii	10	45°C	<i>5</i> °C
Hyderabad	4.3	39°C	<i>7</i> °C
(Teiugu) Madras (Tamil)	5.4	38°C	13°C
rann) Pune Marathi;	2.5	38°C	12°C



#### Statistical Profile

Area: 3.329 Million Square Kilometres

Population: 900 million

GDP at current prices (1993-94): U.S.\$225 billion.

Felicitation and best wishes to India and

her people on their

Independence Day

With best compliments from

Madi Trading Co.

Petra Electronic Co.

on this great occasion

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Per Capita Income U.S.\$220.7

ON THE OCCASION OF THE INDEPENDENCE DAY OF INDIA

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Al-Karmel Travel & Tourism, Trading Co. Ltd.

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AIR·INDIA in Jordan

Congratulates the friendly Indian nation on the Independence Day of India

## CONGRATULATIONS **PAK VAN SERVICES**

Extend their warm greetings and felicitations to the friendly people of India and the Indian Embassy on the occasion of

Independence Day of India

(Continued from page 1)

that," he said.
"We have enough loyalty and nationalism that commit

The prime minister said that the visits of foreign officials to the country this week were prearranged and were not linked to Gen. Hassan's

On Saturday, the commander of the American Central Command, Lieutenant General James Henry Peay, visited the Kingdom. The British Minister of State for the Armed Forces Nicholas

"The American official's visit had been planned six months ago ...," Sharif Zeid said. "The purpose of the visit was coordination of military exercises planned years ago," he said. "As for the British minister, his visit to Joran was part of a tour in

In interviews with the Jor-

satisfaction at the prime minister's response to their questions while opposition deputies remained sceptical, saying that many queries remained unanswered. The chairman of the

House's Foreign Affairs Committee, Abdullah Ensour, said: "We are not worried because Jordan has never been involved in or interfered in other countries' internal affairs. This has always been its stance and we are sure it will not be any different now."

Centrist Deputy Anwar Hadid expressed satisfaction at the result of the meeting, citing what he termed as the deputies' unanimous assertion that Jordan will always remain hospitable to political asylum seckers. Centrist Deputy Hashem Dabbas agreed and described the meeting with the prime minister as

positive. "Phere is no doubt that our relationship with Saudi Arabia is getting better, but we

government that Jordan will not let Iraqi opposition use Jordan as a base to conduct any activity against Iraq," he

However, Hamzeh Man-(IAF) deputy, said the gov-ernment avoided many of the

Faisal said the government's reaction was very traditional.

Bassam Emoush, another IAF deputy, criticised Minister of Information Khaled Karaki for broadcasting Gen. Hassan's press conference on Saturday on Jordan Television "three times in full." He

You should wait and see, there are things in the way," Dr. Emoush quoted the foreien minister as saying. He also quoted the prime Soames ends visit to Jordan

Zeid Ben Shaker on bilateral ties

and the situation in Yugoslaiva,

said that his tour of the region

was prompted by Britain's alarm at what he described as the lack

of appreciation and understand-

ing of its efforts to find a "just

and lasting solution" to the

text of a multi-ethnic state. Mr. Soames, who also had talks with Prime Minister Sharif

doned its responsibility in former The British official reiterated Western views that there can be

He said the United Nations mission in former Yugoslavia is the Iraqi people, to keep open borders between the two countries and not to allow any activity to be carned out from the Jordanian land that is in contradiction with the country's principles and beliefs that are based on non-interference with other countries' internal affairs."

never built relations with a

country at the expense of

In a statement issued by

Parliament following the

meeting and read by Mr.

Srour, parliamentarians con-

firmed that "this event has no

political implications on the

Jordanian-Iraqi relationship

and that Jordan continues to

maintain the same policy to-

wards Iraq, especially in its efforts to lift the embargo on

Exports (1993-94): U.S.\$22.50 billion

Imports (1993-94): U.S.\$23.58 billion

Major Exports: Tea, Coffee, Marine Products, Iron Ore, Cotton Fabrics and Readymade Garments, Leather and leather products, Gems and Jewellery. Machinery, Transport Equipments and Metal manufactures including Iron and Steel, Petroleum pro-

Major Imports: Fertilizers, Edible oils, Nonferrous metals. Petroleum products and related material, Iron and Steel, Pearls, Precious and Semi-precious stones, Machinery and Transport Equipment, Organic and Inorganic Chemicals etc.

**Currency Unit:** 1 Rupee = 100 paise

Exchange Rate: U.S.\$1 = Rs. 31 (approx.)

International Airports: New Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Hyderabad, Thiruvananthapuram, Bangalore

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THE INDIAN PEOPLE WITH ITS BEST WISHES FOR A BETTER FUTURE AND PROSPERITY



On the occasion of the Independence Day of India

Dr. Naser Al Maaitah, director of Zarqa University Services Est.

conveys it hearty greeting to the government and the Indian people

JOINT VENTURE OF AQABA GULF CLEARING AND TRANSPORT CO. ARABIAN GULF SHIPPING CO. AMMAN - JORDAN

congratulates the government and people of the Republic of India on the eve of the

Independence Day of India

and hopes for further strengthening of jordanian - indian relations. SAMI ZAROUR & IBRAHIM JUMA





# ON THE OCCASION OF THE INDEPENDENCE DAY OF INDIA

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CONVEYS ITS FELICITATIONS AND CORDIAL WISHES TO THE PEOPLE OF INDIA

## King: Time for change in Iraq

(Continued from page 1)

"I cannot really say what might visit some Arab states in the coming period, but he is going to do, but the nothing has been decided yet. people of Iraq will answer to the fact that something needs "We try to do what we can to be done and he can stay to ens here as long as he wishes. He guest."

## Ekeus to go to Iraq soon

(Continued from page 1) were close to Gen. Hassan and some to former Interior Minister Watan Ibrahim Hassan, President Saddam's halfbrother who was sacked in May and wounded last week in a shooting "accident,"

according to an Iraqi paper. Iraq said meanwhile Gen. Hassan defected after he lost a power struggle within President Saddam's government and that the country's enemies were "betting on a losing horse.'

#### Palestinians vow revenge

(Continued from page 1)

However, since the 1993 autonomy accord with Israel, the 18-member committee has never failed to endorse a move by Mr. Arafat.

for the meeting of the Executive Committee and a parallel meeting of the Central Com- to the peace process have mittee of his own Fateh fac- attacked the agreements.

tion of the PLO. The head of the hardline Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) told AFP that nine of the 18 Mr. Arafat arrived in the members of the executive Tunisian capital on Monday committee would boycott the meeting, making it "illegal."

Palestinian groups opposed the region.

## 'Jordan-Iraq ties normal'

"Jordan would not allow to centrist deputies expressed us to keep Iraqi secrets," he

defection.

Soames, visited Jordan Sun-day and Monday.

dan Times after the meeting

received assurances from the

sour, an Islamic Action Front deputies' questions. Leftist Deputy Toujan

"There is nothing decisive about it," she said. "It was very general."

said that the minister and the

(Continued from page 1)

World of the West's policies

The British official brushed

aside suggestions the war in Bos-

nia is a religious war, insisting

that it is a multi-ethnic conflict

and adding that Britain aims to

end the lighting within the con-

towards Bosnia.

Jordan's relations with the Gulf states at the expense of its relations with Iraq. "He (Mr. Kabariti) laughed and advised us to be patient," Dr. Emoush said.

government should not have

given the Iraqi general such

media access and coverage.

ment, it would have deman-

ded the government's resignation," he said.

"If we had a strong Parlia-

Dr. Emoush told the Jor-

dan Times that during the

meeting, some deputies also

criticised Foreign Minister

Abdul Karim Kabariti, accus-

ing him of trying to improve

it from there?"

Jordan is working on improving its relations with Saudi Arabia for a long time," Mr. Srour told the Jordan Times. "But we have

minister as saying that the visit of Saudi Prince Turki Al

Faisal to Jordan on Saturday

was related to Gen. Hassan.

why did not they receive the

same treatment?" Dr.

Emoush asked. "If the gener-

al wants to launch a coup

d'etat why doesn't he go to

the north of Iraq and launch

Lower House Speaker Sa'd Hayel Srour dismissed all in-sinuations that Jordan was

seeking to improve its ties

with Saudi Arabia at the ex-

pense of its relations with

"Jordan has hosted politic-

asylum seekers before,

in the rump Yugoslavia. He said Britain never aban-

no military solution to the conflict in former Yugoslavia and that a diplomatic settlement is the only realistic approach.

strictly aimed at "keeping the

peace" and that its forces will not

become a party to the fighting.

Mr. Soames also defended his country's position in refusing to lift the arms embargo on Bosnia, saying such a move will only lead to an escalation of bostilities.

The Organisation of Islamic Conference, frustrated at the fai-lure of the U.N. to protect Bosnian Muslims, last month said it considers the arms embargo invalid and urged its lifting

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## World Athletics Championships

## Johnson is America's tower of power

Arab World celebrates gold by Morceli, Boulmerka and Shoua'a

GOTHENBURG (AFP) — Michael Johnson may have towered over the athletics world championships here, but the United States failed in their bid for total global

Instead, the 10-day extravaganza danced to a pulsating Calypso Haitian born Bruny Surin exercised the ghost of Ben Johnson by taking gold and silver in the 100m, and then led Canada to victory in the 4×100m relay.

Glory was not confined to those who deserted their birthplaces. Jamaica's Merlene Ottey, the nearly woman years, gained a bonus gold medal to add to her 200m success in 1993 at Stuttgart as she denied Gwen Torrence a sprint double. The American was disqualified from the 200m after stepping out of her lane on the bend.

Troy Kemp of the Baha-mas deposed Cuba's Javier Sotomayor in the high jump, Cuba's Ivan Pedroso did the same to American Mike Powell in the long jump and there were surprise medals for trinidad's world junior sprint champion Ato Boldon in the 100m, Bahamas' Pauline Davis in the 400m and Jamaican James Beck-

ford in the long jump.

To round it all off the Cuban "comeback kid" Ana Fidelia Quirot won the 800 metres. Barely three years after she all but died in a domestic accident she proved a class apart from her rivals. Failure through injury was to curse many of what may now be considered "yester-

day's stars. Linford Christie made a valiant attempt to retain his 100 metre title with a hamstring injury while Carl Lewis, who never made the long jump, Heike Drechsler

who spiked her leg in the

heptathlon and Jackie

the World Championships:

Belarus

Kenya

Bahama

Spain Ethiopia

France

Tajikistan

Zembie

Bermuda

Mexico

Surinam

Dominica

Saudi Arabia

Norway

Brazil

Nigeria

Czech Republic

Germany

The final medal table after Sunday's competition at

Joyner-Kersee, who went bome after the long jump added to the roster of dis-

Moses Kiptanui completed a hat-trick of world titles in the 3,000m steeplechase and Ismael Kirui kept his 5,000m title, but Ethiopian Haile Gebreselassie denied them the coveted 10,000m prize and Wilson Kipketer - Kenyan born and bred but now a successful export -- won

the 800m for Denmark. Sergei Bubka bucked the trend, completing a clean sweep of all five pole valut titles since the world championships started in 1983.

And Algerian Noureddine Morceli, holder of four world records, proved he is one of the greatest middle distance rungers of all time by romping home for a third consecutive 1,500m title.

Smiling Sonia O'Sullivan buried the ghost of her Stuttgart defeat to the Chinese team, absent in Gothenburg, by winning the 5,000m and becoming the first Irishwoman to win a world title.

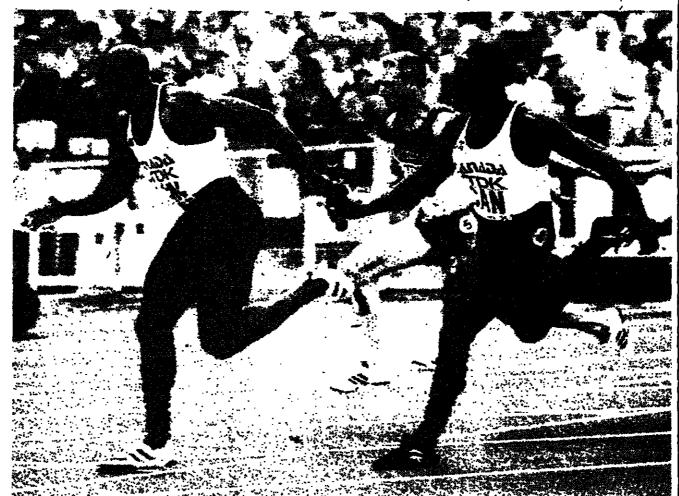
But for the United States. it was a bitter-sweet cham-They utterly dominated the

medals table and the Johnson express train completed its historic 200/400m double right on schedule, and then stopped off for a 4×400m gold on the last day.

But Americans botched the glamour events they hold most dear.

For the first time since the 1976 Olympics, there was no American among the men's 100m medals. Mike Marsh, the only one to make it to thefinal. summed up his feelings in the starting blocks: "Lone-

Their 4×100m relay, unbeaten in world cham-



Canada's Bruny Surin (right) hands the relay to Donovan Baily to win the men's 4×100m final (AFP photo)

pionship history, performed a repeat of their Olympic fiasco seven years ago, going out in the qualifiers after bungling the changeover.

In Seoul, they dropped the baton. In Gothenburg, the baton never made it from Jon Drummond to Theo McCall, who ran out of the changeov-

"I put my hand out. It never came. The rest is history," said McCall after the

And three steps may lead some to heaven but they led Torrence to hell in the 200m. The 30-year-old unwitting-

ly trod on the line several times as she rounded the bend, before hitting the straight with an awesome display of power running. Torrence had the last laugh

on the elegant 35 year old Jamaican, beating her down the final straight as she anchored the USA to victory in the 4×100m relay.

On the brighter side, Kim Batten set a 400m hurdles world record as she edged fellow American Tonja Buford by one hundredths of a second.

Both women were well inof French gazelle Marie-Jose side the previous mark set by Perec, who retained her



Noureddin Morceli (left) of Algeria is embraced by Moroccan Hisham Al Guerrouj after the men's 1500m final (AFP photo)

Sally Gunnell, absent through injury, when the Englishwoman won the title in

400m title but eventually ducked out of a double bid Stuttgart two years ago. The race was also deprived

with injury worries. If the Caribbean had plenty to celebrate here, so did the Arab World, who have

never been so successful at a



Jamaica's Beverly McDonald gives the relay to Merlene Ottey (left) as Christic Gaines passes to Gusen Torrence during the women's

4×100m relay final which was won by the U.S.

najor championships.
Algeria did the 1,500m double with Morceli romping home and Hassiba Boulmer ka outsprinting Britain's Kelly Holmes down the home straight in the women's event. Boulmerka was fortunate that O'Sullivan the fastest woman in the world this year decided not to dou-

Syrian Ghad Shouaa won the heptathlon, and there were gusty medal performances from Moroccan Khalid Skah, Saudi Arabian Sa'ed Shaddad Al-Asmari and Moroccans Zohra Quaziz and up-and-coming Hicham El

But world championships, like the Olympics, are for

And the Ullevi stadium crowd were fortunate to have two to worship here

Johnson, with his asto-nishing double, completed at near world record speeds despite a schedule of eight graces in seven days, was one of them.

Even if he fails to repeat the feat at the Atlanta Olympics, Johnson has already made his mark in the history of sport. The Texan's shortstep, straight-backed style may look comical, but it's not a joke his rivals found amus-

ng. The other hero is from

The big stars may be millionaire Texans and Californians, but a vicar's son from the sleepy English seaside resort of lifracombe showed the other side of athletics.

Jonathan Edwards, who for years refused to compete on Sundays, shattered his own triple jump world record with his opening leap and then that with his second jump. He-later apologised tothe other athletes.

His faith is the key to his

"I can step back and think Well, it's great and it's exciting, but there are more important things and things of

"What I really want to do is to glorify God with my life, to be a good husband and be a good father."

## Swimmers seek China Olympic ban

ATLANTA (AFP) - Swimmers from four nations called for China to be banned from the 1996 Olympic pool without a tougher drug testing programme and blasted world governing body FINA for inaction harmful to the sport.

"If their use of drugs is as widespread as it seems to be, they

shouldn't be there," said Australia's Kieren Perkins, men's world record holder in the 400m, 800m and 1,500m freestyles. Swimmers from Australia, Canada, New Zealand and the United States spoke out here Sunday on the final day of the Pan Pacific Championships. Absent from the group were swimmers from Japan, Asia's founding PanPac member.
China was banned from this meet for 19 positive drug tests

over the past four years, during which time the nation's women became a world swim power. Swimmers here called for an in-depth investigation of China's swim programme to ensure a drug-free centennial Olympic meet.

"Tve heard lots of talk about China. It's time somebody

took a positive step," Perkins said. "FINA is not doing anything about it. It has gotten well out hand.
"The future of swimming isn't looking very good. This is staining the name of swimming in the world while nothing is being done. If nothing is done within a few years, it will be

being done. If nothing is done within a few years, it will be seen as a sport of drugged-up athletes."

John Leonard, World Swimming Coaches Association anti-doping committee chairman, announced a plan, backed by the swimmers, which calls for unannounced out-of-competition testing on all possible Olympic swimmers starting

in January to ensure there are no drug cheats at the Olympics. This is the first great step to make sure the sport is clean," U.S. backstroker Brian Retterer said. "These people are cheating and it affects history. It cheats everyone involved." Australia's Nicole Stevenson, the 1992 Olympic 200m backstroke bronze medallist, wonders who among her rivals might have escaped drug detection. She wants tighter testing

within China's borders. "It was like this with East Germany until the (Berlin) wall came down," she said. "I don't think the wall, or the communists, in China will fall. We have to have rules so people can get in there and see what is going on. If we don't, it's just going to encourage (cheating by) other nations who haven't had good performances.'

The coaches group proposes all nations submit to FINA a list of possible Olympic swimmers and money for one drug test by January to allow tests of every Olympian multiple times before the Atlanta Games.

"It's a cheap price to pay for a clean Atlanta," he said. The group, whose 1,200 members from 53 nations include none from China, backed off a threat of legal action to prevent ninese swimmers from competing at the Olympics. FINA officials have ignored swimmers to keep the Chinese happy, Leonard charged.

## Pan Pacific Swimming

## **Australia's Riley** challenges world mark

ATLANTA (AFP) — World feel really good."
champion Samantha Riley, "Going 25.0 proves that by inspired by anger over an earlier disqualification, nearly came away with a world record at the Pan Pacific Swim Championships here

Sunday. The Australian suffered a come out of this meet controversial ouster from the 100-metre breaststroke Friday but came back to win the 200-metre breaststroke in two minutes, 24.81 seconds. It was the second-fastest time in history and only five; hundredths of a second off fellow Aussie Rebecca Brown's world mark.

"I just can't believe it," she said. "I was so determined after what happened two days ago. I was pretty annoyed. I was just waiting for another race to come around to prove they were wrong and I didn't deserve to be disqualified.

"Now I'm disappointed be-cause I think I could have had a chance at the (100m world)

Riley later helped the Australian 400m medley relay win gold in 4:02.93, the thirdfastest time ever for that

Despite being tossed from the 100m for a stroke violation call by one judge, Riley was named outstanding woman of the meet. Scott Volkers, Riley's coach, saw the ouster as costiong her the 200m world mark.

'She lost it on the turn at the 100, where she was being careful because of the DQ. She didn't want to take a chance," Volkers said. "I can see her swimming 2:23 pretty easily. She wasn't overly stressed. She will be better next year. She loves the pool here, if not the officials.

Riley was also sick during U.S. training and recovering from a stress fracture in her right ribs even before the

disqualification.

"It was amazingly bad preparation," she said. "Everything that could go wrong did. Now I know that no matter what goes wrong at the Olympics here next year, I can handle it."

American Amy Van Dyken also feels ready for anything, even the top Chinese team that was banned from this meet because of 19 positive doping tests over the past four years.

Van Dyken won the 50m freestyle in 25.03 seconds. making her the third fastest woman ever in the event behind China's Le Jingyi and Yang Wenyi. Van Dyken dis-counts their times as drugaided although both passed doping tests.

I'm the only person to swim that fast 'clean," Van Dyker .... "That makes me

the Olympics, I will be right their with them. We have proved Americans can compete with the Chinese and even beat their times. That's the most exciting thing to

to face the Chinese again is Japan's Akira Havashi, who lowered his national 200m breaststroke record by one ( third of a second when be won here in 2:13.60. Hayashi became last year's Asian Games champion in the event when his Chinese conqueror later failed a doping test. "I don't know about the doping controls here but I think the Olympic events will be fine and we will be competing n Games that will be fair. Justice will be done," Hayashi said. "I don't regret I lost to the Chinese. I feel I can

compete with the Chinese. Australia's Hayley Lewis is ready for anyone after ending a slump to deny 15-year-old American distance queen Brooke Bennett a sweep of the PanPac distance titles. Lewis won the 800m freestyle in 8:28.78, edging Bennett by 43-hundredths of a second after Bennett beat her in the 400m\_and\_1,500m.

"I needed a win," Lewis said. "I was glad. It has done a lot to boost my confidence. "Coming into the meet I fell good, but I started to get

sick and when I woke up for the 1,500m I felt awful. I had a bad stomach virus. I rang up my mom and had a good cry on the phone. She said do your best and I felt better as the meet went on.

Triple men's distance: world record holder Kieren Perkins of Australia denied countryman Dan Kowalski his fourth gold medal, winning the 1,500m freestyle in 14:58.92 to win by 3.28 seconds. Perkins has struggled to regain his form after an illness six weeks ago kept him out of the pool.

"My stroke has been good here," he said. "Fitness is where I'm lacking. The times have been a little better than I thought. I didn't think I would do this well."

American Gary Hall won his third and fourth gold medals to lead the meet. After earlier winning the 100m and helping the U.S. 400m freestyle relay to a world record, Hall took the 50m free in 22.30 seconds and helped the 400m medley re-

lay to victory in 3:37.04.
The U.S. team had 42 medals, including 15 gold and # 16 silver. Australia won 13 golds and 12 silvers on the way to 34 total. Japan was third with 13 medals, four gold and two silver.

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# **SWIMMIN**

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American Gary He
is third and found redals to lead the me or earlier winning is no helping the 10.5 rearlier with U3 and helping the 12 mestyle relay to 1 second. Hall took be cord. Hall took be ein 22 m second elped the 48 m in 12 m olds and 12 silvers ay to 34 total. ard with 13 med

and two silver

## **Sports**

## Martinez beats Rubin in Acura Classic final

MANHATTAN BEACH (R) - Spaniard Conchita Martinez overcame American Chanda Rubin 4-6 6-1 6-3 in the final of the Acuta Classic on Sunday to claim her second title in two weeks and her sixth of the year. Martinez earned \$79,500

while Rubin, who also lost in the final at Eastbourne this year, received \$35,500. The second-seeded Mar-

tinez, who has won 10 of her last 11 finals, made a slow start and it was the 10thseeded Rubin who looked the more committed player. With her confidence high

after scoring upset wins over Argentina's Gabriela Sabatini and too seed Arantxa Sanchez Vicario of Spain, Rubin showed in adventurous spirit as early as the first game. putting Martinez under pressure by pulling her wide and attempting a dropshot.

It was no surprise when the 19-year-old American broke to lead 3-2 with a doublehanded crosscourt backhand. Although Martinez produced an occasional threat, she looked letharoic and often underhit the ball,

Martinez added a little more pace to the ball as the set progressed but was unable to do any damage and failed to earn a break point.

Rubin had a good oppor-tunity to consolidate her position when she held a break point as the second set got underway but Martinez made

Agassi upsets

MASON, Ohio (R) - Red-

hot Andre Agassi, the num-

ber one player in the world,

won his third successive sum-

mer tournament on Sunday,

a 7-5, 6-2 victory over fourth

seed Michael Chang at the

\$1.8 million ATP cham-

Chang, trying to capture

this tournament for the third

year in a row, played good tennis in the 1 hour 36 mi-

nutes match but could do

nothing to challenge the top-

seeded Agassi, who now

leads 9-3 in their career meet-

ings.
It was another intensely

hot day with on-court

temperatures soaring to over 120-degrees Fahrenheit (50

at 100 per cent intensity,

Agassi said. "It was brutal

out there with the heat. I won

the first set, that was the big

Agassi's 30th career title and

his sixth of the year. He had not won that many events in one year since 1988. His

match record this year is 60-

Chang, who earned \$133,800 as runner-up and

was hoping to capture his

22nd career title, came off a

tough week at this event in

In the Quarter-finals, he

saved two match points

against 11th-seeded Amer-

ican Jim Courier and came

back from one-set down in

the semifinals over eighth-

seeded German Michael

Sunday's final was the first

suburban Cincinnati.

The \$254,000 victory was

"Neither one of us played

Celsius).

difference.



her stretch for a forehand, which the American dumped

into the net. At game point in the next game, Rubin double-faulted, then hit a dropshot short and netted a forehand to give Martinez a 2-0 lead. Although she had by now lost her early drive and momen-

tum, she did have a chance to

pull herself back out of trou-ble at 1-3, but put a backband

long on break point. Rubin remained competitive in the final set, but it was Martinez who made the classy shots, hitting some excel-

competed for the ATP cham-

that the number one player in

the world won since the

tournament moved to this

Aware that only an aggres-

sive attitude could possibly

beat Agassi, Chang was tried

to win big on his service

The strategy wound up giv-ing Agassi a whopping 17 opportunities to break serve.

Agassi took advantage four

times - in the third and 11th

games of the first set and the

fifth and seventh games of

"Giving anyone that many opportunities is not good,"

Chang said. "Sooner or later

they're going to capitalise on

the second set

a chance.

And it was the first-time

pionship title.

site in 1979.

lent passing shots and some deep serves. A beautifully struck crosscourt backhand gave her a break for 3-2, and she finished off the match by breaking Rubin to love.

"In the first set she played unbelievable. She was really aggressive and coming in, said Martinez. "In the second I tried to be patient and play some high balls. I served quite well, too, and that was

Rubin could draw satisfaction from one of the best weeks of her life, which has seen her achieve a career-

then Agassi captured the

necessary break in the 11th

game at 30-40 with a winning

high ranking of 15. But she knew she could have done better. "I'm a little critical of my

double-fault on game point (at 0-1 in the second set), and that turned the match," said Rubin. "There were a few games in the second set I had game points, but she played

'Maybe I could have come in a litle more, and getting some more first serves in would definitely have helped. But there wasn't much I could do about her passing

#### Chang in final of ATP championships wardsd past the baseline. The ly breaks in the first set, but ball ended up landing about two inches outside Chang's

baseline.

But Agassi easily took his lorehand drive. second match point, two "I'm 57-1 every time I've points later, when Chang hit won the first set this year. service return long. Agassi said. "With Michael, it's not how good a shape he's in, it's just how determined he is. I just wanted to put him

away in the first set." In match-ups between Agassi and Chang, the winner of the first set has won the match 11 of 12 times.

When Agassi scored a service break on his fourth break point of the fifth game in the second set with a backhand half-volley drop shot, Chang was through.

Agassi nearly ended the match on a spectacular shot, hitting the ball through his gs while running back-

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## time since 1979 that two American-born competitors

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## Muster takes San Marino final

SAN MARINO (R) — Au strian top seed Thomas Muster crushed Italian number one Andrea Gaudenzi 6-2, 6-0 in the final of the San Marino Open on Sunday to clinch his ninth title of a golden season.

Muster and Gaudenzi are both coached and managed by Ronnie Leitges but the Austrian world number three showed his Italian friend no mercy as he completed an emphatic win to repeat his 1993 success on the clay in San Marino.

The presence of Gauden zi, born a short drive from the mountain republic in the Italian town of Faenza, helped to ensure a capacity

rowd of 3,000.

But they will have gone home disappointed with the performance of the Italian Davis Cup player, seeded two here but now ranked only 25th in the world.

Gaudenzi struggled to hold his own serve and made no impact when the muscular Müster was serving, failing to create any break points. The Italian said that a

shoulder injury had given him some problems without attempting to use that as an excuse for his heavy defeat. pion Muster it was a wel-

For French Open chamcome return to winning ways after his upset defeat by Spaniard Alberto Costa in the final of his home Austrian Open last Sunday.

## U-22 basketball championship playoffs

## Ahli tame Orthodoxi 87-64 Orthodoxi take on Jazireh tonight

By Aleen Bannayan Iordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - An interesting match awaits basketball fans tonight when Al Orthodoxi take on titleholders Al Jazireh on the second day of the playoffs in the Kingdom's Under-22 basketball championship.

The playoffs got off to an explosive start when Al Ahli overcame Al Onhodoxi 87-64 late Sunday night to prove they are a strong contender for the title.

In an earlier match, Al Jazireh had no trouble overcoming surprise quali-fiers Al Yarmouk 92-42. Al Ahli's players delight-

ed the good number of fans attending as Rivad Avesh and Zeid Alkhas topped their teams strong showing with captivating slam dunks.

However, the match was marred by a high number of fouls and bad calls by the referees which at one point led Al Orthodoxi's coach Murad Barakat to break a bench chair in frustration. However, even that failed to bring about a good call by the referees.

Al Ahli took a good lead at 23-11 midway through the first half, however Al Orthodoxi's Naser Bassam and brilliant playmaker Fadi Al Saqqa scored three consecutive three-pointers to narrow the gap at 26-20. Al Orthodoxi then nearly

caught up at 35-31, but Al

Ahli took control of the match by securing most rebounding as Riyadh Ayesh led his team to a first half 43-36 win.

Al Ahli outscored Al Orthodoxi 20-6 at the beginning of the second half widening their 51-28 lead to 63-42 by converting a series of turnovers especially after Saqqa went out with a

slight injury.
Al Orthodoxi's agile Mahmoud Sha'ban and the team's top scorer and rebounder Mustafa Al Ghoul scored 9 consecutive points but Al Ahli scored by Taimour Al Shamalí, Ramez Hammoudeh and Alkhas followed by two three pointers by Ayesh to again take a commanding lead of 79-54. Al Ahli's head coach

Alexander Sasha then allowed key players some rest and gave bench players a chance to test their skills.

Al Orthodoxi's Ghoul continued to rebound and score together with Sha-ban as most of their teammates were unsuccessful and were held low scoring seeming unaccustomed to Al Ahli's unofficial slippery court which also lacks a 30-second clock. Teams eliminated in the

first round of the tourna-

Ahli, Al Fuheis, Al Watani, Gazzet Hashem, Al Ashrafieh, Abu Nusair, Al

First round results came as follows:

Yarmouk vs. Jeel 94-55. Orthodoxi vs. Abbasi 97-52 Jalil vs. Fuheis by default Hussein vs. Watani 73-59 Yarmouk vs. Jalil 85-65 Ahli vs. Hussein 97-70 Jazireh vs. Abu Nusair 112-

Last year, Al Jazireh won the title after a 98-94 win over Al Ahli in overtime. Al Ahli were leading 48-39 at halftime. Al Jazireh had won their first leg match 82-66.

The playoff round will enable JBF officials to single out the U-22 national team as there is an abundant number of qualified players in this age-group like Riyad Ayesh. Ramez Hammoudeh, Mohammad Shamali, Zeid Alkhas, Faisal Nsour, Ghaith Ennabi, Yousef Abu Baker, Naser Alawneh, Ma'an Odeh, Ziyad Nabulsi, Naser Bassam, Mahmoud Shaban, Ihab Msih, Mustafa Al Ghoul, Fadi Al Saqqa, Hani Taher and many others.

#### This week's matches (at Al Abli court)

	//
/armouk-Ahli	Sun 15/8 5 n
zireh-Orthodoxi	
armouk-Orthodoxi	
di-Jazireh	

p.m.

#### **GOREN BRIDGE**

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

PAEJ782 75 \*\*KJ6 PAQ9

The bidding has proceeded: The hidding has proceeded: South West North East 1 • Page 2 7 Page

What do you bid now?

A.—Despite the possibility of a misfit, you have a very good band and unless you inform partner of catch up. A jump to three spades describes both the strength of your hand and the quality of your suit. Q.2—As South, vulnerable, you

+K1095 ♥AKQJ105 :3 +AK MA 109b VARQJ10b ·3 AA.
What is your opening bid?
A.—Although your high-eard count is only 2b, you are looking at a three-loser hand. To open it with anything other than a demand bid does it a gross injustice. Open two hearts or two clubs, whichever is your forcing two-bid.

valve, full options.

valve, air conditioned.

4A ?AJ10942 %K542 484

Q.4—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

•QJ10954 783 6 •K542
The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 7 Pass 1 4 Pass

What do you hid now A.—If you considered anything other than two spades, your hidding needs some polishing. Your hand might be worthless to partner at a red-suit contract, but it is going to take at least four tricks with spades as trumps and partner's high cards

will produce tricks for you. Bid two spades. That is not forward-going

Q.5-As South, vuinerable, you

Q.5—As South, vulnerable, you hold:

•K7 TKQ10952 AQ6 472
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 • Pass 1 Pass
3 • Pass 2
What do you bid now?
A.—Slam prospects are very bright, but you are not yet sure where to play the hand. Since a simple rabid of your surt would be forcing because of partners jump rebid, just hid three hearts for the moment. That leaves maximum room for further exploration.

you hold: ◆83 7AK984 :7 ◆KQ1063 •83 TAK984 17 •KQ1063
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 Pass 1 Pass
1 NT Pass 2
What do you bud now?
A.—In standard methods a ample
two clubs by you would not be foreing because of North's one-notrump rehad. Since you have a
source of tricks in one, if not both of
your suits, you are atrong enough to
insist on game. Jump to three clubs.

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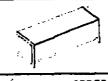
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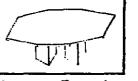
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## Israeli planes raid Palestinian lase mear Beirut

SIDON, Lebanon (Agencies) - Israeli warplanes blasted Falestinian bases south of Painut on Monday in the David, state's second strike against a Palestinian group in had then two weeks.

The fighter planes fired

annual did rockets in a series of raids on a hill above Flaamen on the Lebanese coast where the Popular Front for the Liberation of Paiestine-General Command (PFLP-GC) has a base. Lebanese police said.

An Israeli army spokesman said planes and helicopters raided targets of the PFLP-GC in Naameh, north of Israel's self-declared "security zone" in southern Leba-

Pilots reported that the targets were hit. All returned safely to base, the spokesman

The half-hour strike started several fires, and black plumes of smoke could be seen from Beirut, 30 kilometres to the north.

There were no immediate reports of casualties from the bombing.

But three motorists driving on the coastal highway were injured in a traffic pileup caused when dozens of people fied their vehicles to take cover from the attack, rescue workers said.

Palestinian fighters cordenned off the region to prevent rescue workers and anyone else from stumbling across unexploded missiles, they said.

A spokesman for the Domoscus-based PFLP-GC teld Reuters the Israeli jets fired rockets into a medical contro for the group in the

The planes are coming at a time from over the fi for they launched mos raida against a medical We have no news on je..." the spokes-

FFLP-GC fighters fired arti-circraft weapons at the tarati watch dropped thermultiplicans to avoid guerrilla stat-seching missiles, saurces said.

The air attack followed an enchange of fire overnight between other Palestinian grendiles and an Israeli gun-Lebanon.

The Black September 13 origades, a small Palestine Seration Organisation (PLO) splinter group, ciaimed responsibility for firit to the Istueli boat. It said guerrilla was wounded in an resuring clash between the naver we listed thoops caming a seaside post in the

guerrillas fired machineguns after midnight at the Israeli gunboat off Ras Al 'Ain south of the port city of Tyre, 25 kilometres north of the Lebanon-Israel border.

The boat returned fire,

The Israeli navy has been imposing a fishing blockade on most of the southern Lebanese coast since March, barring fishermen from venturing more than one kilometre into the open sea or fishing at night.

The Black September 13 brigades, which is led by colonel Munir Maqdah, said its fighters fired three mortar bombs at an Israeli navy boat off Hamra in Israel's South Lebanon occupation zone and about 7 kilometres south of Ras Al 'Ain.

The group, which opposes the September 1993 PLO-Israeli peace pact, said one of its guerrillas was wounded in an exchange of fire with Israeli forces manning the Hamra post shortly after-

Israeli raids against the PFLP-GC, group have left three dead and nine wounded since the start of the year.

Israeli jets blasted a network of caves used by the PFLP-GC at Sultan Yacoub near the Syrian border in eastern Lebanon on Aug. 2, wounding five guerrillas.
In the last Israeli raid on

Naameh on Jan. 15, three fighters were killed and four wounded. In 1994 six fighters were killed and five wounded in three Israeli attacks on the

An official of the PFLP-GC warned of violent retaliation after the Sultan Yacoub attack and said the Israeli action was aimed against "Our response will be vio-

lent and swift and will target the enemy where it hurts the most," said Abul Fida, a member of the group's executive committee.
The PFLP-GC, headed by

former Syrian officer Ahmad Jibril, is one of 10 hardline groups based in Damascus which fiercely oppose the Arab-Israeli peace process.

It is the only Palestinian organisation to maintain theory, the Lebanese army dismantled all bases near South Lebanon and the capital in 1992 and only allows Palestinians to carry light arms inside refugee camps.

Christian opposition members in Lebanon have repeatedly asked the government why the PFLP-GC is allowed to maintain its bases but have not received an answer.

## Haddoumi demands mediate halt to

Die Fule talks

Aldi Jali — A senior Palesting Liberation Organisation (7LC) official on Monday miles on the Palestinian endership to halt the ongoing in all-Polestinian negotiauns and to conduct a comprohensive review of the dereleptments since the signing of the Oslo accords two years

Addressing a press conference in Amman, Farouk Keddoumi, head of the PLO's Political Department, demanded that the United States formally recognise the FLO as the sole and legitimate representative of the Jaiestinian people.

Hr. Kaddoumi, who presented to the press his own programme for peace, said that two years after the signng of the Oslo accords "we Ind Israel adamant in its position, totally disregarding the deadlines for implementing the provisions of the agreement and failing to hangur its commitments concertaing the vishdrawal of its forces from the West Bank in a clear bid to perpetuate its ecountained of Arab lands." whether giveran countries of applicy tomards the Palestine coessing in Moddoumi said that the ing (including d :Jeant

given "som" v h to normalist first the lewish table to the result that the PLU has lost all out Arab support for the Palestine cause.

Mr. Kaddoumi said that while at the beginning the Europeans supported the

Palestinian people's right to self-determination, "they are now offering mere economic and financial support" for the Palestinian National Authority (PNA).

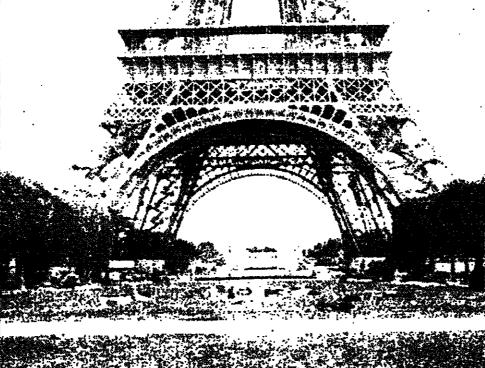
Noting that the PLO had made several overtures to the United States, he said Washington "seems to be under the influence of the Jewish lobby in the United States and the Israeli govern-

Mr. Kaddoumi rejected any separation between the Palestinian is living in the occupied territories and those living abroad, stressing that they form a "united nation" represented by the PLO wherever they might be."

Mr. Kaddoumi said the Palestinian-Israeli negotiations should be stopped immediately unless the process is sponsored by the international community so that the Palestinians would not be "forced to make further concessions and yield to Israel's demands which can lead to no peace at all."

Mr. Kaddoumi said the PNA should not be transformed into a "tool for suppressing people for the sake of ensuring security for israel." He stressed that the PLO should be safeguarded as the political and legislative body behind the PNA.

He called for the creation of a PNA of "national personalities" living inside the occupied lands, with the PLO's Executive Committee shouldering the responsibility of negotiations over the final stage with Israel.





**OUTDOOR TOURISTS: Young tourists from Eastern Europe still** sleep at dawn under the Eiffel Tower. During the current clement weather, less well-off tourists spend the night under the starts on the grass of the Champs de Mars (AFP photo)

## Israel steps up pressure against PLO in Jerusalem

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin gave a green light to officials on Monday to take legal action against the Orient House the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) unofficial Jerusalem headquarters, officials said.

Jerusalem's Israeli mayor, Ehud Olmert, threatened to shut down the Orient House, which he says is illegally being used for offices although it is zoned as a

Police Minister Moshe Shahal meanwhile called for the closure of all institutions linked to the Palestinian

East Jerusalem. Mr. Shahal made his appeal for the government to take a "strong stand" in a meeting of a ministerial committee on Jerusalem presided by Mr. Rabin, said police spokesman Rafi Levy.

National Authority (PNA) in

He said closure orders would be issued against the institutions which flouted Israeli law and "damage" Israeli "sovereignty" over the Holy City.

Mr. Shahal also came out against visits to the de facto PLO headquarters in East Jerusalem by foreign dignitaries. "Such visits disturb

the peace," he said, referring to protests by Jewish settlers. The minister said Israel would open two new police

stations in East Jerusalem. Israel sees the Orient House as a symbol of the Palestinian claims to East Jerusalem. Israel insists it will never allow the city to be want the eastern part of the city as capital of a future Palestinian state. Mr. Olmert said he had

Mr. Rabin's support to move against the Orient House if it continued to ignore the city's demands that it apply for "The prime minister said

he unequivocally supports my actions," Mr. Olmert said. The Orient House should be closed, and the faster the better for the quiet of Jeru-Orient House officials have

refused to apply for a permit, saying that they do not recog-nise the city's authority since Israel is an occupying power in East Jerusalem. "We do not recognise

Israel's unilateral actions," said Maan Erakat, a spokesman for the Orient House. "They are illegal."

Education Minister Amnon Rubinstein said closing the Orient House was "absurd" and would lead to

Recent protests by rightwing activists outside the Orient House have grown increasingly violent, leading to scuffles with police and a

"conflict with the world."

number of arrests. Mr. Olmeret and Mr. Shahal said the PLO's operations in Jerusalem violate the ment, which says the Palestinian government will operate only from the autonomous Gaza Strip and Jericho.

"Any claim that there are national authority institutions in Jerusalem should be raised and discussed at the liaison committee and not used to take direct measures against Palestinian institutions and non-governmental organisations on the pretext they are part of the national authority," the statement said.

Some 160,000 Palestinians live in the eastern sector, which Israel seized in the 1967 Middle East ware. Under the autonomy

accords, negotiations on the question of Jerusalem are to begin between Israel and the PLO by next May.

The Palestinian National Authority appounced in June that it would reestablish an Arab municipal council for Jerusalem. Israel dissolved the body 28 years ago.

## Velāyati to visit S.Africa

JOHANNESBURG (AFP)

— Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati arrives in South Africa Tuesday for a three day official visit during which he will sign an accord establishing a joint commission between the two coun-Mr. Velayati is also ex-

pected to discuss with his counterparts an agreement which will allow Iran to store 15 million barrels of crude oil at Saldanha Bay, on South Africa's coast.

The 50 million rand (\$13.7 million) per annum deal has strained relations between South Africa and the United States, which has imposed an oil embargo on Iran because of its efforts to develop nuclear capability.

While the embargo applies only to American citizens and firms. Washington has urged its trading partners, including South Africa, to follow suit. · U.S. official sources in

Washington said that the U.S. considers it "inappropriate" to provide Tehran with additional financial resources "while it supports terrorism and pursues weapons of mass destruction.

America's opposition to

the deal, however, has been dismissed by Mineral and Energy Minister Pik Botha, who said last month South Africa had to act in its own best interests and that the deal could make money available for social projects. "The Americans do not

seem to be properly informed on what the deal is about," Mr. Botha said. South African Strategic

Fuel Fund General Manager Kobus Van Zyl was on Sunday quoted by public SABC radio as saying that South Africa might seek to increase the amount of oil it would allow Iran to store at Saldanha.

Mr. Van Zyl added that negotiations between the two countries on the stockpiling of the fuel had been going on for "more than 18 months" — when the previous apartheid government of Frederik de Klerk was still in power.

Early last month Mr. Van Zyl said the deal with Iran was likely to be concluded "before the end of July," but there has since been no official word if the deal has been finalised.

Mr. Velayati, who represented his country at President Nelson Mandela's inau-

guration on May 10, 1994, is reciprocating a visit by South African Foreign Minister Affred Nzo to Iran last November, a spokesman for the Iranian embassy in Pretoria said.

The Iranian diplomatic chief, accompanied by a ministerial delegation, is ex-pected to hold talks with various South African ministers in Cape Town.

Soon after his arrival on Tuesday, he and Mr. Nzo will sign the agreement setting up the joint commission between the two countries, according to South African Foreign Ministry spokesman Pieter Swanepoel. He did not elaborate. The discussions between

Mr. Velayati and South African ministers will focuse, according to Swanepoel, on 'questions of mutual in-The two countries restored

diplomatic relations after last year's democratic elections in April which swept Mandela's African National Congress to DOWER.

The relationship between Pretoria and Tehran was severed by the 1979 revolution

## Kuwaitis don't trust defector from Iraq

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwaitis view the high-level defector son-in-law of Iraq's President Saddam Hussein with deep hostility because of his Gulf war role, and one member of parliament said he is just

'another Saddam.' The people of the small Gulf state remember the defector and military mastermind, Lieutenant-General Hussein Kamel Hassan, as a key player in Baghdad's 1990-91 occupation of Kuwait and the disastrous torching of its oil wells. "They say he should never

be allowed to take over from President Saddam. Some Islamist officials want him tried for war crimes. "He is another Saddam." deputy Adnan Abdul Samad

told Reuters on Sunday. "I do think we should be rather careful. He participated in all of Saddam's decisions and in many ways he is Saddam's student in political affairs," opposition parlia-mentarian Ismail Al Shatti

said in a telephone interview. "Trusting this man would be both ludicrous and lethal," said Khaldoun Naqis, a Kuwait University "He should be told the

most he can look forward to is a plea bargain — earn a lighter sentence by helping topple Saddam."
The general fled to Jordan

on Aug. 8 with his brother, Lieutenant-Colonel Saddam Kamel Hassan, who was in charge of President Saddam's guards, and their wives, both daughters of the president. At a news conference on Saturday, he pleased

them by dismissing the sevenmonth occupation as history best forgotten. "This man is presenting himself as an heir apparent but in reality he would be just the new godfather of the same mafia," said Mr. Naqib,

whose family is of Iraqi ori-

**NEWS IN BRIEF** 

Yemen invites Islamic ministers to meeting.

JEDDAH (AP) - The Organisation of the Islamic

Conference (OIC) on Monday circulated a Yemeni propos-

al to host an urgent meeting of Islamic toreign ministers

later this month. An OIC spokesman, who could not be

named under existing rules, said Yemen wanted the

meeting to discuss the situation in Bosnia-Herzegovina and

other issues. He also said the meeting would be convened if

two-thirds of the 52 members approved the Yemeni

proposal: A Yemeni government newspaper reported in

Sanaa that the proposed date for the meeting was Sept. 26.

Clinton, Murayama to meet in Tokyo

TOKYO (AFP) - U.S. President Bill Clinton will hold

talks with Japanese Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama in

Tokyo in late November, a Foreign Ministry official said

Monday. Vice Foreign Minister Sadayuki Hayashi said the

meeting would be on Nov. 20 or 21, after the Asia-Pacific

Economic Cooperation (APEC) forum summit in Osaka.

Japan on Nov. 19. He told a news conference Mr. Clinton

would stay in Japan as a state guest after the APEC

CAIRO (AP) - A fight between a Muslim and a Christian

farmer over the cost of transporting cattle turned into a

sectarian battle between two clans, killing six people and

wounding 16. The fight erupted Sunday night in Bilqas northeast of Cairo in the Nile Delta, Egypt's agricultural

heartland. The farmer who owned the cattle fought with a

pickup driver, who was Muslim. Police did not say how

much money the two were fighting over. Members of both

their families later got involved, using knives and guns,

before police intervened. Four people were wounded

seriously and several people were arrested, police said

Monday. Egypt's 59 million are predominantly Muslim, and Coptic Christians are the largest religious minority. Sectarian fights flare up periodically, often between large clans. Bilwas is 150 kilometres northeast of Cairo.

Militants kill farmer in South Egypt

ASSIUT (R) — Suspected Muslim militants shot dead a

farmer in a cornfield in the southern province of Minya

security sources said on Monday. They said Fathi

Mahmoud Mohammad, 60, was killed on Sunday evening

as he worked with his son in a field near the town of

Mallawi, about 260 kilometres south of Cairo. His son told

police he recognised the two gunmen, who are believed to

be members of the militant Al Gamaa Al Islamiyah

ALGIERS (AFP) -- An armed group attacked a village in

the Beni Yenni commune near Tizi Ouzou, in the Kabylie

region, the daily papers Liberte and Al Khabar reported

Monday. According to Liberte, "several dozen indi-

viduals" took young villagers hostage, burnt down the

school and went through the village searching for gas

bottles, which are used for making homemade bombs.

They also made off with some fire extinguishers before

releasing the hostages unhurt. Last month, seven armed

Muslim activists were killed at Benni-Yenni in the

bloodiest clash so far with security forces in the region. The

group of about a dozen men had gone to the village of Ait

Larbaa with the intention of seizing the villagers' hunting

Gunmen attack village in Algeria

(Islamic Group).

Democracy (RCD).

6 killed in fight over cattle in Egypt

Kuwaitis by calling for the overthrow of the Saddam's

government but angered

democratic standpoint, he is presenting tribal credentials for leadership - his relation to the top power in the state. You can see this in the way he refuses to mention Saddam personally in any negative way. In reality, he is one of a band of cutthroats and murderers.

The Kuwaiti government says it is watching the defec-tions closely but has declined to comment until it has more information.

Newspapers earlier this month said the government was asking experts on inter-national law how to prose-cute 648 Iraqis including President Saddam for war crimes at an international tribunal.

The government's move was based on a document published earlier this year by the Research and Studies Centre, a body attached to the cabinet, that listed Gen. Hassan as number four on a list of "Iraqi war criminals." President Saddam tops the

Iraqi documents captured after the war show the general played a major role in supervising Iraq's military buildup to its 1990 invasion. the looting of Kuwait's armed forces, the blowing up of its oil wells and the scorched earth policy at the end of the occupation.

Kuwaitis say Gen. Hussein was one of a handful of Iraqis who helped formulate President Saddam's invasion plans.

Iraqi opposition groups say he also helped suppress a post-war revolt in southern Iraq with great brutality and was an accomplice in chemical attacks on the Kurdish population in the 1980s. Gen. Hussein denies helping kill

"If he would like to help the Iraqi opposition, then it might be one way to forgive some of his decisions, but he cannot be a president or a ruler," said Mr. Shatti.

## More pimps, prostitutes jailed in Beijing

BEIJING (R) - Sixteen

Beijing prostitutes and pimps were sentenced to "reeducation through labour" in an escalating crackdown ahead of a high-stakes global women's conference in the capital local media said Monday. The sentences ranging from 18 months to three years brought to 46 the number of local prostitution defendants sent in 1995 to reeducation camps, an administrative punishment that can be ordered without trial. the official Beijing Daily said. Officials said on Aug. 7.
that Beijing police had
rounded up 841 people on prostitution charges in the first seven months of 1995. Most were later freed. The operations aim to clean up the capital for the influx of tens of thousands of foreign and Chinese women, including world leaders, at the U.N. World Conference on Women in September and a related forum of grass-roots women's groups from Aug. 30 to Sept. 8. Authorities have raided at least 320 night spots suspected of tolerating or encouraging prostitution, sealing 34 outright and suspending operations at 178. Municipal propaganda chief Qiang Wei has said the drive against prostitution will be intensified before the women's meetings, which the communist central government hopes will boost China's global prestige. Socialist puritanism had wiped out most prostitution after China's 1949 communist takeover, but the sex trade has flourished in recent years as 17 years of market reforms have left millions of Chinese flush with cash. Saunas, karaoke bars and dance halls and even roadside diners across China often serve as fronts for brothels, many of them run by police or other officials, state reports said.

#### House wanted: apply to prince, friend

LONDON (AFP) - Prince

Edward, youngest son of Britain's Queen Elizabeth II, is looking for a home into which to move with his girlfriend Sophie Rhys-Jones, the Daily Mirror reported Monday, predicting a possimer. The mass-circulation daily cited a royal aide as saying there was "a certain urgency to find a place which the two can move into." Estate agents in Norfolk, in eastern England, have been asked to see what they can come up with, the paper said. A Norfolk location would enable the couple to live close to the royal residence at Sandringham. Last month an Anglican church dignitary was sniffily disapproving of the "apparent cohabitation" of the prince and his companion at Buckingham Palace. The newspaper's accredited royal-watcher James Whitaker said he had asked the prince when he envisaged marrying Rhys-Jones during a stopover of the royal yacht Britannia in the north of Scotland. The prince laughingly informed him, he said, that it was "none of (his) business." The date of a possible marriage was "for us to decide." Prince Edward offered Mr. Whitaker a few comments on the marital difficulties of his elder brothers Charles and Andrew, both of whom are separated from their spouses. "Charles and Andrew never had a chance with their marriages. It was hopeless for them from the beginning."

#### 'Cannibal' tree tribe discovered

JAKARTA (AFP) — A

primitive tribe, thought prac-tise cannibalism, has been discovered living naked in the trees of Indonesia's easternmost island of Irian Jaya. according to press reports Monday. The Antara news agency quoted a local elder as saying that a primitive tribe, living in three houses, were sighted in an area straddling the Kurima sub-regency and the Agata subregency in the regency of Merauke. "They aree still living naked and live in trees." Arnold Tangkudung, the head of the Kurima, was quoted as saying. He added that he believed the tribe has had no previous contact with the outside world and was still practising cannibalism. The huge Indonesian province of Irian

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Assad meets DAMASCUS AFF

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